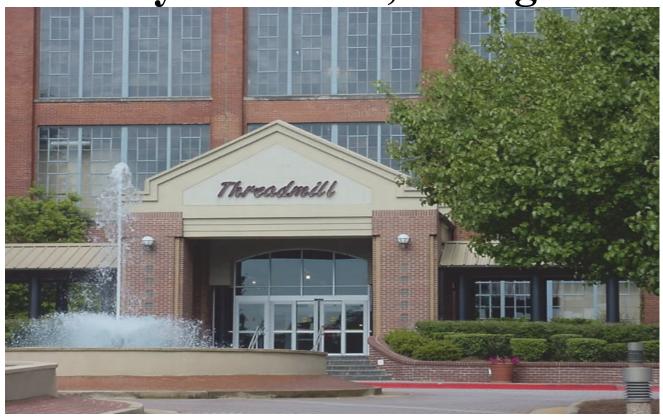


City of Austell, Georgia



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the
Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2014

Prepared by

Department of Finance 2716 Broad Street, SW Austell, Georgia 30106

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)



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December 17, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Austell, Georgia

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Austell, Georgia ("City"), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is submitted herewith. The accuracy of the presented data; as well as, the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, is the sole responsibility of the management of the Finance Department.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. These are measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity has been included.

The financial report for the City of Austell includes all the funds of the primary government, the City of Austell, as well as its component unit, the Austell Natural Gas System. Since this component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable, the Gas System's financial statements are reported in a separate column. This emphasizes that the Austell Natural Gas System is legally a separate entity from the City and differentiates its financial position, results of operations, and cash flow from those of the City.

The City is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in a separate report.

Government Structure

The City of Austell is governed by a Mayor and six (6) Council Members who are elected to four (4) year terms in office. Under a Mayor type of government, there are six (6) departments that oversee the management of the City: General Administration, Finance Department, Community Affairs, Parks and Recreation, Streets and Maintenance, Fire and Police Department. Each department has a director who is responsible to the Mayor and Council for the day-to-day management of his/her respective departments.

The Council operates within a committee framework. The Mayor appoints each of the Council Members to chair one committee and serve as a member of the other committees. These committees serve in an oversight capacity for each of the departments and work closely with individual directors. Although authorization for expenditures of all funds is the ultimate responsibility of the entire Council, requests and recommendations for projects and funding are first discussed by the Committee for approval prior to being presented to the Council for official action.

Economic Condition and Overlook

Over the past years, the City has experienced a substantial economic decline due to factors including, but not limited to an increase in foreclosures, decrease in business activity and increases in unemployment. To mitigate these factors, the City has increased franchise fees from 8% to 9% during 2014.

Major Initiatives

The City is continuously upgrading and improving its road and water/sewer systems to meet the needs of its current population. Continuing projects include sidewalks and street improvements funded by SPLOST money through Cobb County. With the passage of the existing SPLOST, the City will complete park renovations and purchase new public safety equipment. These improvements will greatly enhance the City's ability to meet the needs of its citizens well into the twenty-first century. The City is striving to provide an infrastructure and public safety technology that will pave the way for the next generation. Conservation efforts are underway to ensure that the youth in the community will be able to enjoy local parks with their children and grandchildren. Austell is on the right track due to its leaders, high moral standards and willingness to get involved.

The City has prepared a Capital Improvements Program, which summarizes the City's long-term capital needs. These are capital requests that will enable the City to continue its commitments to improving both the quality and quantity of services offered to its citizens. The plan addresses proposed facility improvements, road and sidewalk improvements, recreational improvements and operating equipment needs. The Downtown Development project completed Phase II of the LCI Streetscapes grant program and is moving toward Phase III.

Sanitation

The City provides residential sanitation service to it's citizens for which customers are billed through the water and sewer bills. The City has contracted with Republic Services to collect garbage at a rate of \$9.15 per month. This contract is for three years. In addition to this, the City sponsors a city-wide cleanup twice a year for the months of April and October. The City also provides recycling services also contracted through Republic Services.

Financial Highlights

The estimated total value of the 2013 City's tax digest decreased 2% from the 2012 digest. This is primarily due to reassessments of property by Cobb County in January, 2013. The 2014 digest is expected to decrease approximately \$5 million in personal property due to a large commercial property selling off some assets. Also, property tax millage rates decreased from 4.0 mils to 3.06 mils subsequent to fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Financial Information Accounting System and Budgetary Control

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in accordinance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, Confiscated Assets Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Multiple Grants Fund, Public Assistance Grant Fund, Austell Area Community Improvement Council, Cobb County SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, Douglas County SPLOST Capital Projects Fund, and proprietary funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriate amount) is established by department within an individual fund.

Cash Management and Investment

The intention of the cash management system is to limit the amount of funds placed in accounts where low or no interest is paid. Idle cash is invested in various instruments with various maturity dates, depending on the anticipated cash requirements during the period.

The overall strategy of holding deposits and making investments is to limit exposure of the City to a minimum amount of credit risk and market risk. The City has an agreement with our financial institution to maintain sufficient collateralization, however at various times these funds fell below acceptable levels. In response, the City has diversified those funds into other secure investments with other institutions.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to a variety of accidental losses and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying out of insurance.

Risk control techniques have been established to reasonably ensure that the City's employees are aware of their responsibilities regarding loss exposures related to their duties. In a similar manner, risk control techniques have been established to reduce possible losses to property owned by or under control of the City. Furthermore, supervisory personnel are held responsible for monitoring risk control techniques on an operational basis.

The primary technique used for risk financing is the purchase of insurance policies from commercial insurers that include a large deductible amount. The use of a \$2,500 deductible reduces the cost of insurance, but should losses occur, the portion of the uninsured loss is not expected to be significant with respect to the financial position of the City.

Long-Term Planning

The City is continually looking toward the future to accommodate maintenance and expansion of its infrastructure, as well as upgrading technical services to provide more effective public safety services. For example, over the next 10 years, the City hopes to eliminate all pump stations connected to its sewer system, which will be funded by operating fees and fund balance. Secondly, the City is continuing to use SPLOST funds to improve its parks and public works infrastructure as well as enhance public safety technology with new vehicles and cameras. Finally, during fiscal year 2014, the City completed a park dedicated to those who have served our country through the military. The Veterans Memorial Park was completed in May, 2014. The City has added a new disc golf course with 9 holes and will be adding 9 more during the 2015 fiscal year.

Other Information

Management Discussion and Analysis

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm of *Mauldin & Jenkins LLC* was selected by the City's audit committee. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. As a recipient of

federal and state financial assistance, the City also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation for weaknesses by management and internal staff.

As part of the City's annual single audit as required in conformity with provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a "Certificate of Achievement" for Excellence in Financial Report" to the City of Austell for its comprehensive financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This represents the sixteenth year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe our current comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and I am submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the City and all its departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the City who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Due credit should also be given to the Mayor and Governing Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the government in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Denise Soesbee

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Austell Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



City of Austell, Georgia

Principal Officials

MAYOR Joe Jerkins

CITY COUNCIL

Kirsten Anderson Randy Green

Ward 1 Ward 3

Scott S. Thomas Virginia A. Reagan

Ward 2 Ward 4

Olliee Clemons, Jr. Suzanne Thomason At-Large, Post 1 At-Large, Post 2

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Carolyn DuncanDenise SoesbeeGeneral AdministrationFinance Director

Court Clerk

Randy L. Bowens Jimmy R. Graham

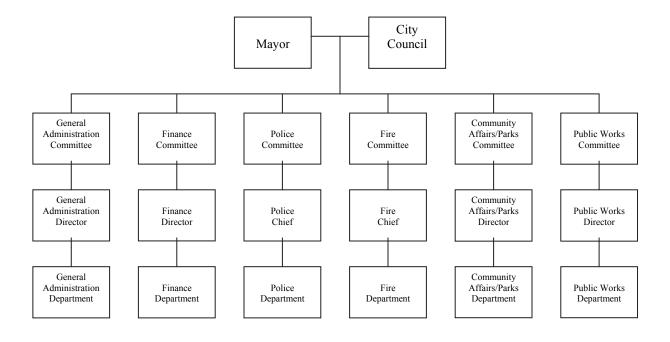
Public Works Director Community Development/

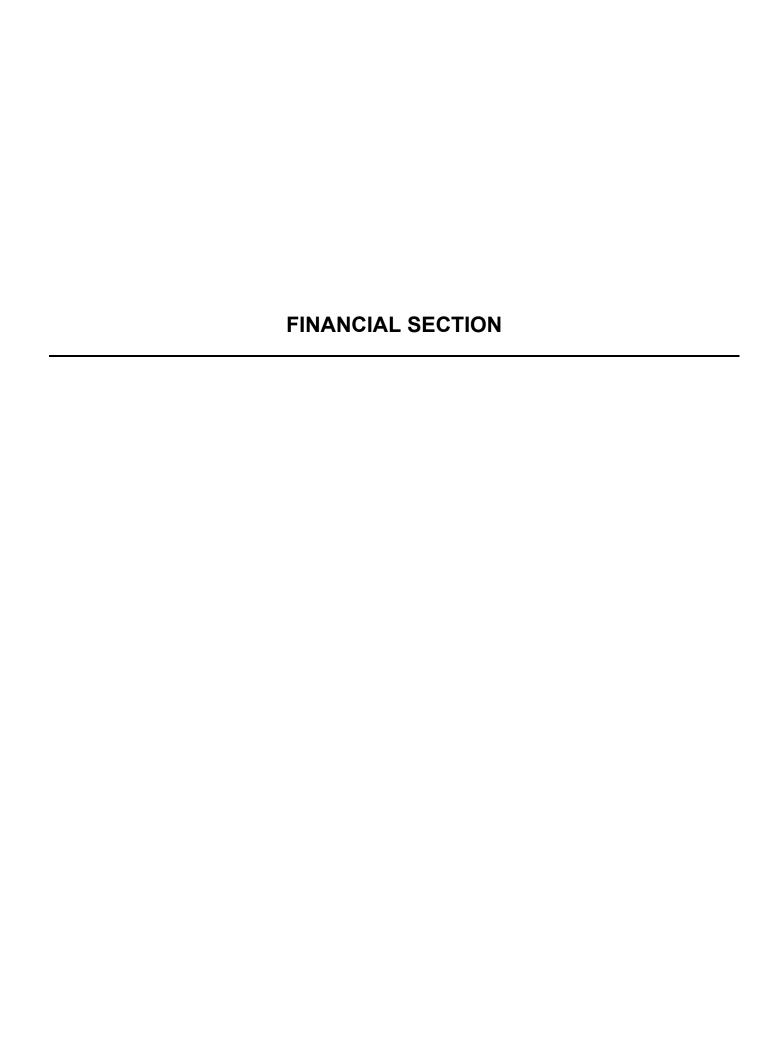
Parks Director

Robert G. Starrett Timothy J. Williams

Police Chief Fire Chief

Organizational Structure







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Austell, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Austell, Georgia** (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Austell, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Austell, Georgia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Multiple Grants Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Funding Progress (on pages 4 through 12 and page 49, respectively) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Austell, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual statements and schedules, the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, and the introductory and the statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2014 on our consideration of the City of Austell, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Austell, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia December 17, 2014

Management's discussion and analysis provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the City of Austell, Georgia's (the City) financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. The analysis provides current fiscal year summary financial information for the City of Austell, Georgia and should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements and transmittal letter.

Financial Highlights

- The position of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$27,453,783 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,962,385 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City had an increase in net position of \$2,103,256 compared to an increase of \$1,551,435 in the prior fiscal year. Overall, gas usage combined with franchise fee rate increases from 8% to 9% were major contributing factors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,028,683. This represents an increase from the prior fiscal year of \$1,075,645 due primarily to the increase in franchise fees.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,057,467 or 88% of total current fiscal year General Fund expenditures. In the prior fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$4,177,930 or 78% of General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements provide different pictures of the City of Austell, Georgia. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the City's financial standing, split between governmental activities and business-type activities.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current fiscal year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into three kinds of activities:

Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, community development, and general administration. The majority of these activities are financed by property taxes, occupational taxes, intergovernmental revenue (SPLOST), franchise taxes, and ownership fees.

- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system, stormwater system, solid waste, and the Threadmill Complex are reported here.
- Component units The City has one legally separate entity, Austell Natural Gas System. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the City is financially accountable for it.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13-14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City of Austell has two kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds – The majority of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. Governmental fund information assists in determining whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financials are presented on pages 15-19 of this report.

The City maintains one (1) General Fund, five (5) special revenue funds and three (3) capital projects funds. The City's General Fund is used for normal recurring activities of the City (i.e., police, fire, recreation, public works, and general government). The City's special revenue funds are: Confiscated Assets, Emergency Telephone System, Public Assistance Grant, Multiple Grants, and Hotel/Motel Tax funds. The capital projects funds are: Cobb County SPLOST, Austell Area Community Council "AACIC" Fund, and Douglas County SPLOST. Of these funds, the General Fund, Multiple Grants Fund, Cobb County SPLOST Fund, and the Austell Area Community Council Fund are considered major funds and are presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

• Proprietary Funds – The City of Austell, Georgia charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the City. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are identical to the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. These are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges a fee. The City of Austell reports four proprietary funds which are classified as enterprise funds. The enterprise funds are Water and Sewer, Stormwater, Solid Waste, and the Threadmill Complex funds. Of these funds, the Water and Sewer Fund, Stormwater and Threadmill Complex Fund are considered major funds.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 20-22 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide information that is more detailed. The notes are essential for a better understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes are presented on pages 23-48 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning an analysis of pension plan funding progress. Required supplemental information can be found following the basic financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information along with other individual fund budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$27,453,783 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net position (64%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City has restricted net position of \$6,867,033 which is restricted for capital construction, law enforcement activities, public safety activities, and tourism and development, as compared to \$7,561,988 of restricted net position of the prior fiscal year. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$2,962,385 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, governmental activities, business-type activities, and the City's discretely presented component unit except for unrestricted net position of its business-type activities.

Net Position

As noted earlier the City's combined net position totals \$27,453,783 (excluding the City's component unit).

The following table provides a summary of the City's governmental and business-type activities' net position for the fiscal years ended 2014 and 2013:

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 and 2013

	(Sovernmen	tal A	ctivities Business-Type Activities		Total					
		2014		2013		2014		2013	2014		2013
Assets:											
Current assets	\$ 1	0,317,904	\$	8,883,344	\$	709,632	\$	313,185	\$ 11,027,536	\$	9,196,529
Capital assets		9,873,162		9,387,106		8,267,872		8,690,937	18,141,034		18,078,043
Other noncurrent assets		3,672,000		4,131,000		(3,672,000)		(4,130,982)	 		18
Total Assets	2	3,863,066		22,401,450	_	5,305,504		4,873,140	 29,168,570		27,274,590
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities		1,095,658		1,060,057		283,584		244,723	1,379,242		1,304,780
Long-term liabilities		326,594		592,975		8,951		26,308	 335,545		619,283
Total Liabilities		1,422,252	_	1,653,032	_	292,535	_	271,031	 1,714,787		1,924,063
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets		9,356,493		8,604,518		8,267,872		8,690,937	17,624,365		17,295,455
Restricted		6,867,033		7,561,988		-		-	6,867,033		7,561,988
Unrestricted		6,217,288	_	4,581,912		(3,254,903)	_	(4,088,828)	 2,962,385		493,084
Total Net Position	\$ 2	2,440,814	\$	20,748,418	\$	5,012,969	\$	4,602,109	\$ 27,453,783	\$	25,350,527

Changes in Net Position

Governmental and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,103,256.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

Condensed Changes in Net Position June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Revenues			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 726,548	\$ 758,712	\$ 5,167,434	\$ 4,980,031	\$ 5,893,982	\$ 5,738,743		
Operating grants and								
contributions	590	310	-	_	590	310		
Capital grants and								
contributions	4,190,979	3,610,031	-	-	4,190,979	3,610,031		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	576,380	651,736	-	_	576,380	651,736		
Other taxes/ownership fees	6,234,390	5,200,487	=	_	6,234,390	5,200,487		
Unrestricted investment earnings	-	3	-	_	-	3		
Miscellaneous	55,734	96,921	-	_	55,734	96,921		
Total Revenues	11,784,621	10,318,200	5,167,434	4,980,031	16,952,055	15,298,231		
Expenses								
General government	800,543	773,771	_	_	800,543	773,771		
Public safety	4,111,629	3,986,386	_	_	4,111,629	3,986,386		
Judicial	176,700	176,421	_	_	176,700	176,421		
Public works	3,856,149	2,890,186	_	_	3,856,149	2,890,186		
Culture and recreation	673,860	680,191	_	_	673,860	680,191		
Housing and development	64,277	48,896	_	_	64,277	48,896		
Tourism and economic development	4,161	4,521	_	_	4,161	4,521		
Interest on long-term debt	21,855	18,708	_	_	21,855	18,708		
Threadmill Complex	-	-	1,314,778	1,323,467	1,314,778	1,323,467		
Water and sewer	_	_	3,256,714	3,308,126	3,256,714	3,308,126		
Stormwater	_	_	422,208	401,950	422,208	401,950		
Solid waste	_	_	145,925	134,173	145,925	134,173		
Total Expenses	9,709,174	8,579,080	5,139,625	5,167,716	14,848,799	13,746,796		
Change in net position before transfers	2,075,447	1,739,120	27,809	(187,685)	2,103,256	1,551,435		
Transfers	(383,051)	282,445	383,051	(282,445)	_,105,250	-,551,155		
	, ,	ŕ	,	,	-	-		
Change in Net Position	1,692,396	2,021,565	410,860	(470,130)	2,103,256	1,551,435		
Net Position, beginning of fiscal year	20,748,418	18,726,853	4,602,109	5,072,239	25,350,527	23,799,092		
Net Position, end of fiscal year	\$ 22,440,814	\$ 20,748,418	\$ 5,012,969	\$ 4,602,109	\$ 27,453,783	\$ 25,350,527		

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,692,396. This can be explained by revenue increases in franchise fees \$1,008,059 and capital grants \$580,948.

Total revenues for Governmental Activities increased overall by 14.2% which is primarily attributed to SPLOST and grant revenue.

Governmental Activities Program Revenues and Expenses For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013

	2014	2014	2013	2013
	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Expenses
General government	\$ 7,627	\$ 800,543	\$ 8,279	\$ 773,771
Public safety	323,248	4,111,629	321,187	3,986,386
Judicial	515,859	176,700	596,609	176,421
Public works	3,624,227	3,856,149	3,003,107	2,890,186
Solid waste management	3,773	-	3,910	-
Culture and recreation	443,383	673,860	435,961	680,191
Housing and development	-	64,277	-	48,896
Tourism and economic development	-	4,161	-	4,521
Interest on long-term debt		21,855		18,708
Totals	\$ 4,918,117	\$ 9,709,174	\$ 4,369,053	\$ 8,579,080

Governmental Activities Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013

<u> </u>	2014		2013			
Charges for Service	\$ 726,548	6%	\$ 758,712	7%		
Operating grants and contributions	590	0%	310	0%		
Capital grants and contributions	4,190,979	36%	3,610,031	35%		
Property taxes	576,380	5%	651,736	7%		
Other taxes and ownership fees	6,234,390	53%	5,200,487	50%		
Unrestricted investment earnings	-	0%	3	0%		
Miscellaneous	55,734	0%	96,921	1%		
Totals	<u>\$11,784,621</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 10,318,200</u>	<u>100%</u>		

Business-Type Activities

Major revenue sources for the proprietary funds were charges for services of \$5,167,434 which is a 3.8% increase from the previous fiscal year. Expenses for the proprietary funds are \$5,139,625 which is a slight decrease from the previous fiscal year. This decrease is mostly the result of water usage activity for the fiscal year 2014.

Business-type Activities Program Revenues and Expenses For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013

	2014	2014	2013	2013
	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Expenses
Threadmill Complex	\$ 1,197,590	\$ 1,314,778	\$ 1,118,192	\$ 1,323,467
Water and Sewer	3,478,282	3,256,714	3,417,558	3,308,126
Stormwater	406,280	422,208	360,387	401,950
Solid Waste	85,282	145,925	83,894	134,173
Totals	\$ 5,167,434	\$ 5,139,625	\$ 4,980,031	\$ 5,167,716

Business-type Activities Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013

		2014		2013	
Charges for Service		\$5,167,434	100%	\$4,980,031	100%
	Totals	\$5,167,434	100%	\$4,980,031	100%

Financial Analysis of the City's Individual Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of approximately \$13 million. Of this total, approximately 5 million or 38% constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending in the next fiscal year. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned as to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for a variety of restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, unassigned fund balance was approximately \$5 million, while total fund balance was \$5.4 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 88.1% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 94.5% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$1,056,296 during the fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Substantial increases in Franchise and Ownership fees due to the Austell Gas system overall usage and rate increase from 8% to 9%.
- Total expenditures, however, remained relatively unchanged.
- Transfers out decreased substantially.

The fund balance of the Cobb County SPLOST Fund decreased (\$70,091) during the fiscal year. Key factors in this decrease is that the City completed scheduled resurfacing projects, as well as purchased needed equipment.

The fund balance of the Austell Area Community, Council Fund decreased (\$40,537) during the fiscal year as a result of the AACIC Board allocating interest revenues to be spent in the community as well as the completion of a new Veterans Memorial Park.

Enterprise Funds

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- The Threadmill and Stormwater Fund change in net position was a combined increase of \$417,753. The
 increase is due to expense controls and transfers in from the General Fund to cover debt service for
 Threadmill.
- Change in net position of the Stormwater Fund amount to an increase of \$125,205, resulting in total net position of \$3,381,124. This increase is primarily due to a reduction in expenses for the current fiscal year.
- Water and Sewer Fund and the Solid Waste Fund change in net position were very minimal.

Budgetary Highlights

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is at the department level. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The City Council amended the General Fund budget at various times throughout the fiscal year. The amendments to total expenditures were offset by amendments to total revenues and did not affect the overall budget.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities for the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was \$9,873,162 and \$8,267,872, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The major additions and deletions to capital for the fiscal year were:

- Added new park improvements from the AACIC Funds.
- Added new infrastructure and equipment purchased with SPLOST funds.

At June 30, 2014, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 45% depreciated. The business-type activities are 50% depreciated.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements of this report.

Long-Term Debt

During the current fiscal year, the City retired \$265,919 of outstanding capital lease obligations. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Austell had total debt outstanding of \$672,639 in which the majority of the debt included \$516,669 of capital leases secured for the purchase of vehicles, trucks, and other equipment.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

Key assumptions for fiscal year 2015 are summarized as follows:

- The Gas System ownership fees were budgeted to be approximately \$4.3 million. Anticipated revenue at the current rate of 9% gross sales is expected to be slightly less for 2015.
- Increases in healthcare costs are anticipated to increase again by roughly 15% in 2016.
- On September 18, 2009, the City of Austell, Georgia was flooded and almost 700 of its approximately 2,500 homes were severely affected. The City completed all projects funded by the Public Assistance Grant Fund on May 15, 2011. The HMGP Grant program continues impacting the City as it prepares to maintain and repair the properties of the land that was purchased.
- Additional purchases of substantially damaged properties through the HMGP Grant program have been approved by FEMA and are currently in the process of being purchased and demolished.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, compliance with finance-related laws, and regulations; and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Denise Soesbee, Finance Director, City of Austell, 2716 Broad Street, SW, Austell, Georgia 30106.

A complete set of financial statements for the City's Component unit, Austell Natural Gas System, may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 2838 Joe Jerkins Blvd; P.O. Box 685, Austell, Georgia 30106.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		Prima	ry Governme	ent		Co	mponent Unit
ASSETS	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Austell Natural Gas System
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,438,999	\$	220,868	\$	4,659,867	\$	29,094,360
Investments	-		167,728		167,728		-
Taxes receivable, net of allowances	148,494		-		148,494		-
Other receivables	23,794		-		23,794		-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	43,161		736,198		779,359		3,128,843
Due from component unit	4,377,458		-		4,377,458		-
Due from other governments	315,432		-		315,432		111,225
Internal balances	4,226,883		(4,226,883)		-		-
Inventory	-		21,155		21,155		2,877,636
Prepaid items	415,683		118,566		534,249		317,732
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-		-		-		12,450,742
Net pension asset	-		-		-		1,574,382
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable	2,029,700		545,640		2,575,340		452,523
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	7,843,462		7,722,232		15,565,694		19,361,141
Total assets	23,863,066		5,305,504		29,168,570		69,368,584
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	599,752		-		599,752		3,101,177
Accrued interest payable	-		_		-		21,264
Accrued liabilities	46,258		15,883		62,141		99,890
Due to others	21,888		_		21,888		_
Unearned revenue	-		33,504		33,504		678,557
Customer deposits payable	1,500		198,390		199,890		1,602,149
Due to primary government	· -		-		-		4,522,061
Due to other governments	124,973		_		124,973		-
Compensated absences due within one fiscal year	27,803		35,807		63,610		406,359
Compensated absences due in more than one fiscal year	83,409		8,951		92,360		_
Capital leases due within one fiscal year	273,484		-		273,484		_
Capital leases due in more than one fiscal year	243,185		_		243,185		-
Bonds payable due within one fiscal year	-		-		-		1,600,000
Bonds payable due in more than one fiscal year	-		-		-		1,725,000
Net OPEB obligation							147,037
Total liabilities	1,422,252		292,535		1,714,787		13,903,494
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	9,356,493		8,267,872		17,624,365		16,488,664
Restricted for capital construction	6,717,772		-		6,717,772		-
Restricted for law enforcement activities	36,510		_		36,510		-
Restricted for public safety activities	108,719		_		108,719		-
Restricted for tourism and economic development	4,032		_		4,032		-
Restricted for renewal and extension	-		_		, -		10,906,696
Restricted for debt service	_		_		-		1,522,782
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,217,288		(3,254,903)		2,962,385		26,546,948
Total net position	\$ 22,440,814	\$	5,012,969	\$	27,453,783	\$	55,465,090

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	t (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
			Program Revenues	ser		Primary Government	ıt	Component Unit
			Operating	Capital				Austell
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Natural Gas
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	S Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	System
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 800,543	\$ 7,037	\$ 290	- \$ 0	\$ (792,916)	- \$	\$ (792,916)	€9
Judicial	176,700	515,859			339,159	1	339,159	•
Public safety	4,111,629	136,735		- 186,513	(3,788,381)	•	(3,788,381)	•
Public works	3,856,149	63,144		- 3,561,083	(231,922)	•	(231,922)	•
Solid waste management		3,773		,	3,773	•	3,773	•
Culture and recreation	673,860	•		- 443,383	(230,477)	•	(230,477)	•
Housing and development	64,277	•			(64,277)	•	(64,277)	•
Tourism and economic development	4,161	•			(4,161)	•	(4,161)	•
Interest on long-term debt	21,855	1		,	(21,855)	,	(21,855)	•
Total governmental activities	9,709,174	726,548	290	0 4,190,979	(4,791,057)	1	(4,791,057)	
Business-type activities:								
Threadmill Complex	1,314,778	1,197,590			•	(117,188)	(117,188)	•
Water and Sewer	3,256,714	3,478,282			•	221,568	221,568	•
Stormwater	422,208	406,280			•	(15,928)	(15,928)	•
Solid Waste	145,925	85,282		,	•	(60,643)	(60,643)	•
Total business-type activities	5,139,625	5,167,434			•	27,809	27,809	•
;]				
Total primary government	\$ 14,848,799	\$ 5,893,982	\$ 280	0 \$ 4,190,979	(4,791,057)	27,809	(4,763,248)	
Component unit:								
Austell Natural Gas System	\$ 52,820,357	\$ 56,924,778	ક્ક	€		,		4,104,421
	General revenues:							
	Daystytacco				\$ 676 380	¥	\$ 676 380	¥
	l'operty taxes				L	·		· •
	ין מווכווואפ נמאפא				0,090,020	•	0,090,020	•
	Insurance premium taxes	m taxes			339,474	•	338,474	•
	Business occupation taxes	ion taxes			86,482	•	86,482	•
	Sales and use taxes	(es			64,639	•	64,639	•
	Other taxes				126,393	•	126,393	•
	Penalties and interest	rest			18,782	1	18,782	•
	Unrestricted investment earnings	stment earnings			•	•	•	29,324
	Miscellaneous				55,734	•	55,734	27,675
	Transfers				(383,051)	383,051	'	'
	Total general n	Total general revenues and transfers	so.		6,483,453	383,051	6,866,504	56,999
	Change in net position	et position			1,692,396	410,860	2,103,256	4,161,420
	Net position, beginning of fiscal year	ng of fiscal year			20,748,418	4,602,109	25,350,527	51,303,670
					00000	¢ F 012 060	1100	1

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS		General Fund	Cou	Cobb unty SPLOST Fund		Austell Area nmunity Council Fund		Multiple Grants Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	888,866	\$	1,587,900	\$	1,419,939	s	320,934	\$	221,360	\$	4,438,999
Accounts receivable	Ψ	27,020	Ψ	-	Ÿ	1,410,000	Ψ	020,004	Ψ	16,141	Ψ	43,161
Taxes receivable, net of allowances		148,238								256		148,494
Due from other governments		- 10,200		233,793		_		31,408		50,231		315,432
Other receivables		23,794		200,700				01,400				23,794
Due from other funds		516,265		134,204		623,451				3,841		1,277,761
Due from component unit		4,377,458		104,204		020,401				0,041		4,377,458
Prepaid items		368,413								47,270		415,683
Advances to other funds		-		_		3,672,000		_		-1,210		3,672,000
							_					
Total assets	\$	6,350,054	\$	1,955,897	\$	5,715,390	\$	352,342	\$	339,099	\$	14,712,782
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	599,455	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	297	\$	599,752
Customer deposits		1,500		-		-		-		-		1,500
Accrued liabilities		42,533		-		-		-		3,725		46,258
Due to other funds Due to other governments		90,859 22,977		-		270,147		265,650 86,692		96,222 15,304		722,878 124,973
Due to others		22,977		_		-		00,092		21,888		21,888
Total liabilities		757 204				270,147	_	352,342		137,436		
rotal nabilities	_	757,324				270,147	_	352,342		137,430		1,517,249
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		142,634		-		-		-		-		142,634
Unavailable revenue - sales taxes		24,216						-				24,216
Total deferred inflows of resources		166,850					_	-		-		166,850
FUND BALANCES												
Fund balances: Nonspendable for:												
Prepaid items		368,413								47,270		415,683
Advances to other funds		-		_		3,672,000		_				3,672,000
Restricted for:						-,=,						-,
Capital construction		-		1,955,897		1,084,743		-		5,132		3,045,772
Law enforcement activities		-		-		-		-		36,510		36,510
Public safety activities		-		-		-		-		108,719		108,719
Tourism and economic development		-		-		-		-		4,032		4,032
Committed for:						688,500						688,500
Community enhancements Unassigned		5,057,467		-		008,000		-		-		5,057,467
Total fund balances		5,425,880		1,955,897	-	5,445,243	_			201,663	_	13,028,683
rotal fund balances		5,425,880		1,955,697		5,445,243	_	<u>-</u>		201,003		13,028,083
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	6,350,054	\$	1,955,897	\$	5,715,390	\$	352,342	\$	339,099		
Amounts reported for governmental ac Capital assets used in government	al act	tivities are not	finand		re differ	ent because:						0.070.400
resources and, therefore, are not Some receivables are not available expenditures and, therefore, are	to pa	ay for current-	eriod									9,873,162 166,850
Long-term liabilities are not due ar therefore are not reported in the f	id pay	able in the cu		period and,								(627,881)
·											•	
Net position of governmental activi	ues										\$	22,440,814

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fund Fund Fund		Multiple Grants Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds					
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	6,934,014	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,505	\$	6,936,519
Licenses and permits		67,808	-		-		-		-		67,808
Intergovernmental		58,493	1,367,199		-		2,632,760		-		4,058,452
Charges for services		18,639	-		-		-		124,242		142,881
Fines and forfeitures		487,461	-		-		-		28,398		515,859
Interest income		-	-		132,527		-		-		132,527
Contributions and donations		590	-		-		-		-		590
Miscellaneous		54,920			-		-		814		55,734
Total revenues		7,621,925	 1,367,199	-	132,527		2,632,760		155,959		11,910,370
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		797,649	-		65,056		-		-		862,705
Judicial		176,700	-		-		-		-		176,700
Public safety		3,472,505	92,624		-		-		409,775		3,974,904
Public works		638,738	323,895		-		2,686,726		-		3,649,359
Culture and recreation		590,789	4,285		21,951		-		-		617,025
Housing and development		64,277	-		-		-		-		64,277
Tourism and economic development		-	-		-		-		4,161		4,161
Capital outlay		-	728,712		86,057		-		-		814,769
Debt service:											
Principal retirements		-	265,919		-		-		-		265,919
Interest expenditures		-	21,855		-		-		-		21,855
Total expenditures		5,740,658	1,437,290		173,064		2,686,726		413,936		10,451,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		1,881,267	 (70,091)		(40,537)		(53,966)		(257,977)		1,458,696
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in		143,032	-		-		80,817		387,954		611,803
Transfers out		(968,003)	-		-		(26,851)		_		(994,854)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(824,971)	-		-		53,966		387,954		(383,051)
Net change in fund balances		1,056,296	(70,091)		(40,537)		-		129,977		1,075,645
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year		4,369,584	 2,025,988		5,485,780				71,686		11,953,038
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$	5,425,880	\$ 1,955,897	\$	5,445,243	\$	-	\$	201,663	\$	13,028,683

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,075,645
Governmenta funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	486,056
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(125,749)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal payments on capital leases	265,919
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (net change in compensated absences).	(9,475)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,692,396

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	В	udget			Variance With Final Budget		
	Original	Fina		Actual			
Revenues							
General property taxes	\$ 624,900		37,900 \$	702,129	\$	(35,771)	
Sales and excise taxes	50,000		50,000	64,639		14,639	
Franchise and other taxes	4,354,000	,	54,000	5,722,508		1,368,508	
Occupational and premium taxes	385,000	38	35,000	425,956		40,956	
Penalties and interest	2,500		2,500	18,782		16,282	
Licenses and permits	26,289	2	26,289	67,808		41,519	
Intergovernmental	70,000	7	70,000	58,493		(11,507)	
Charges for services	53,200	ŧ.	53,200	18,639		(34,561)	
Fines and forfeitures	710,000	7	10,000	487,461		(222,539)	
Interest income	5,000		5,000	-		(5,000)	
Contributions and donations	-		-	590		590	
Miscellaneous	68,000		59,974	54,920		(15,054)	
Total revenues	6,348,889	6,46	63,863	7,621,925		1,158,062	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative	235,659	23	35,659	231,207		4,452	
General administration	442,889	6	12,889	566,442		46,447	
Total general government	678,548	84	18,548	797,649		50,899	
Judicial:							
Municipal court	182,790	18	32,790	176,700		6,090	
Public safety: Police administration	1,682,402	1.64	22,402	1,589,336		33,066	
Custody of prisoners	350,728	,	15,728	285,041		30,687	
Fire administration			24,831			26,703	
Total public safety	1,636,957 3,670,087		62,961	1,598,128 3,472,505		90,456	
				-,,			
Public works:	489,217	5.	18,217	526,994		(0.777)	
Highways and streets						(8,777)	
Maintenance and shop Total public works	108,139 597,356		11,139 29,356	111,744 638,738		(9,382)	
·				000,100	-	(0,002)	
Culture and recreation:							
Community center	48,400	4	48,400	34,677		13,723	
Community garden	-		7,500	6,454		1,046	
Special activities	30,315		12,315	42,638		(323)	
Parks administration	524,900		24,900	507,020		17,880	
Total culture and recreation	603,615	62	23,115	590,789		32,326	
Housing and development:	10 700		10 722	17 002		1 000	
Protective inspection	19,722		19,722	17,893		1,829	
Planning and zoning	9,300	,	9,300	8,312		988	
Code enforcement Total housing and development	37,567 66,589	_	38,167 67,189	38,072 64,277		95 2,912	
Total flousing and development	00,369			04,277		2,912	
Total expenditures	5,798,985	5,91	13,959	5,740,658		173,301	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	549,904	54	19,904	1,881,267		1,331,363	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	_		_	143,032		143,032	
Transfers out	(549,904)	(54	19,904)	(968,003)		(418,099)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(549,904)		19,904)	(824,971)		(275,067)	
Net change in fund balances	-		-	1,056,296		1,056,296	
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	4,369,584	4.36	69,584	4,369,584		-	
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year				1,000,001			

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANTS FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Bue	dget				Variance With		
	Original			Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	3,020,000	\$	3,052,000	\$	2,632,760	\$	(419,240)	
Total revenue		3,020,000		3,052,000		2,632,760		(419,240)	
Expenditures									
Public safety		20,000		29,000		-		29,000	
Public works		3,000,000		3,040,000		2,686,726		353,274	
Total expenditures		3,020,000		3,069,000		2,686,726		382,274	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		-		(17,000)		(53,966)		(36,966)	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		-		17,000		80,817		63,817	
Transfers out				<u>-</u>		(26,851)		(26,851)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				17,000		53,966		36,966	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year					_				
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

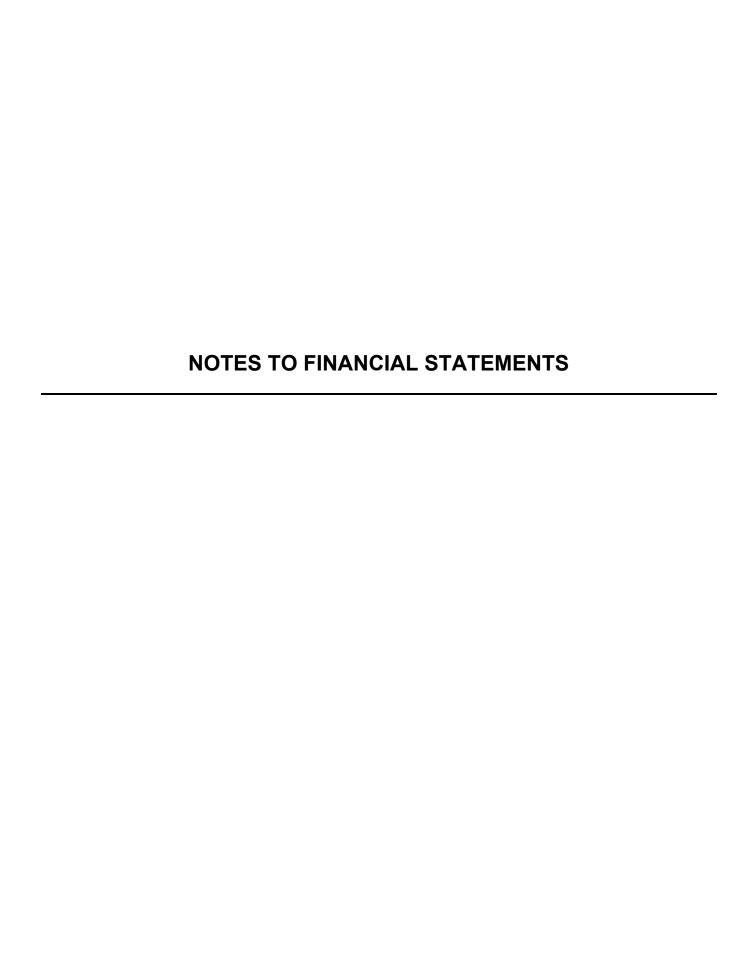
ASSETS		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Threadmill Complex Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	Totals						
CURRENT ASSETS											
Cash	\$ 60,628	\$ 160,240	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,868						
Investments	-	167,728	-	-	167,728						
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	4,901	302,534 72,363	412,371	16,392	736,198 118,566						
Prepaid items Inventory	25,420	72,363 21,155	19,007	1,776	21.155						
Due from other funds	112,721	21,100	87,018	-	199,739						
Total current assets	203,670	724,020	518,396	18,168	1,464,254						
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets											
Nondepreciable	488,140	57,500	_	_	545,640						
Depreciable	8,378,336	2,352,596	4,647,830	_	15,378,762						
·	8,866,476	2,410,096	4,647,830		15,924,402						
Accumulated depreciation	(3,772,969)	(2,110,469)	(1,773,092)	_	(7,656,530)						
Total capital assets	5,093,507	299,627	2,874,738		8,267,872						
Total assets	5,297,177	1,023,647	3,393,134	18,168	9,732,126						
LIABILITIES											
CURRENT LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	2,951	8,819	3,667	446	15,883						
Due to other funds	641,699	112,923	-	-	754,622						
Customer deposits payable	16,660	181,730	-	-	198,390						
Unearned revenue - advance rents	33,504	-	-	-	33,504						
Compensated absences	8,535	18,763	6,675	1,834	35,807						
Total current liabilities	703,349	322,235	10,342	2,280	1,038,206						
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES											
Compensated absences	2,134	4,691	1,668	458	8,951						
Advances from other funds	3,672,000				3,672,000						
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,674,134	4,691	1,668	458	3,680,951						
Total liabilities	4,377,483	326,926	12,010	2,738	4,719,157						
NET POSITION											
Investment in capital assets	5,093,507	299,627	2,874,738	-	8,267,872						
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,173,813)	397,094	506,386	15,430	(3,254,903)						
Total net position	\$ 919,694	\$ 696,721	\$ 3,381,124	\$ 15,430	\$ 5,012,969						

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Threadmill Complex Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	Totals							
OPERATING REVENUE	•											
Sales and charges for services	\$ -	\$ 3,476,998	\$ 405,375	\$ 85,282	\$ 3,967,655							
Rent and royalties Miscellaneous	1,197,590 	1,284	905	<u> </u>	1,197,590 2,189							
Total operating revenues	1,197,590	3,478,282	406,280	85,282	5,167,434							
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Personal services and employee benefits	275,260	785,844	260,090	44,072	1,365,266							
Contractual services	235,167	255,021	42,534	96,205	628,927							
Supplies	363,250	2,151,308	25,459	5,648	2,545,665							
Depreciation	311,597	64,541	94,125		470,263							
Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	1,185,274	3,256,714	422,208	145,925	5,010,121							
	12,316	221,568	(15,928)	(60,643)	157,313							
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES												
Interest expense	(129,504)				(129,504)							
Total non-operating expenses	(129,504)				(129,504)							
Income (loss) before transfers	(117,188)	221,568	(15,928)	(60,643)	27,809							
Transfers in	409,736	567	141,133	60,517	611,953							
Transfers out	-	(228,902)	-	-	(228,902)							
	409,736	(228,335)	141,133	60,517	383,051							
Change in net position	292,548	(6,767)	125,205	(126)	410,860							
Total net position, beginning of fiscal year	627,146	703,488	3,255,919	15,556	4,602,109							
Total net position, end of fiscal year	\$ 919,694	\$ 696,721	\$ 3,381,124	\$ 15,430	\$ 5,012,969							

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Threadmill Complex Fund		Water and Sewer Fund		Stormwater Fund		Nonmajor Solid Waste Enterprise Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,087,011 (607,918) (271,518)	\$	3,544,094 (2,507,419) (781,682)	\$	243,376 (127,396) (257,113)	\$	84,635 (101,917) (43,235)	\$	4,959,116 (3,344,650) (1,353,548)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		207,575		254,993		(141,133)		(60,517)		260,918
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Transfers in from other funds Repayment of advances Transfers out to other funds		409,736 (467,267)		567 - (228,902)		141,133 - -		60,517		611,953 (467,267) (228,902)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(57,531)		(228,335)		141,133		60,517		(84,216)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Interest paid Purchases of capital assets		(129,504) (20,540)		(26,658)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(129,504) (47,198)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(150,044)		(26,658)						(176,702)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		-		-		-		-		-
Cash, beginning of fiscal year		60,628		160,240						220,868
Cash, end of fiscal year	\$	60,628	\$	160,240	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	220,868
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	12,316	\$	221,568	\$	(15,928)	\$	(60,643)	\$	157,313
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		311,597		64,541		94,125		-		470,263
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase in prepaid items Increase in accrued liabilities		1,708 (112,721) (9,501) 870		56,460 - (29,210) 2,345		(162,904) (55,660) (3,743) 1,200		(647) 84 (148) 128		(105,383) (168,297) (42,602) 4,543
Decrease in accreed labilities Decrease in due to other funds Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in customer deposits payable		2,872 1,749		(71,880) 1,817 9,352		1,200 - 1,777 -		709		4,543 (71,880) 7,175 11,101
Decrease in unearned revenue		(1,315)		<u> </u>						(1,315)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	207,575	\$	254,993	\$	(141,133)	\$	(60,517)	\$	260,918



CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Austell, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Austell, Georgia which was founded in 1885, operates under a mayor-council form of government and provides the following services to its citizens: public safety (police and fire); highways and streets; water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation; public improvements; planning and zoning; and general administrative services.

Based upon criteria set forth by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34," the accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Austell Natural Gas System (the "System") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The purpose of the System is to provide natural gas and related services throughout the City of Austell. The System currently serves customers in the City of Austell and residents of Cobb County and Douglas County, Georgia. The Mayor appoints all members to the System's Board and the City is financially responsible for the payment of the debt issued by the System. The System has a July 31 fiscal year-end. Amounts shown as due from component unit and due to primary government may differ due to the City having a June 30 fiscal year-end, whereas the System has a July 31 fiscal year-end. Complete financial statements for the System can be obtained at the System's administrative offices at 2838 Joe Jerkins Boulevard, Austell, Georgia 30106.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. (For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements). Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable. The statement of net position will include non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions," the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Cobb County SPLOST Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements that were approved by the voters of Cobb County, Georgia through the special purpose local option sales tax referendum. The amounts collected in this fund are restricted to be spent on capital projects throughout the City.

The Austell Area Community Council Capital Projects Fund accounts for monies contributed by the Norfolk Southern Company for the purpose of constructing public facilities throughout the City or for other betterments of the community. The amounts collected in this fund including interest revenue earned are committed for certain items as approved by the Austell Area Community Council Board for the betterment of the community which may include capital projects.

The **Multiple Grants Special Revenue Fund** accounts for grant monies received from a variety of Federal and State agencies. These specific revenue sources are either restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types within the nonmajor governmental funds:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The **capital projects funds** account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Threadmill Complex Fund** accounts for the operations of the Threadmill Complex which is used for City offices and spaces rented to private businesses and other governmental agencies.

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activity of the City's utility system.

The **Stormwater Fund** accounts for the activity of the City's stormwater system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund as a nonmajor proprietary fund:

The **Solid Waste Fund** is used to account for the City's solid waste collection, recycling, and disposal activities.

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the City applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The City applies GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Statement No. 62 incorporated into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds, except the Douglas County SPLOST Capital Projects Fund which has a project length budget. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is not employed by the City.

E. Deposits and Investments

Georgia Statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: (1) obligations of Georgia or any other States; (2) obligations of the United States; (3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; (4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; (5) prime bankers' acceptances; (6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; (7) repurchase agreements; and (8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of State or U.S. obligations.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

F. Short-Term and Long-Term Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds and advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Customer accounts receivable include billed but uncollected amounts and unbilled receivables based upon a pro rata amount of subsequent monthly billings. Allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained based on historical results adjusted to reflect current conditions.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual item is purchased. Inventories (if any) reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current asset. The City uses the consumption method to account for prepaid items.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) prior to July 1, 2003 have not been reported.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	25-50
Buildings and improvements	30
Vehicles	5-7
Furniture and fixtures	7-10
Machinery and equipment	3-10
Computer equipment	3-5

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are accrued and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Fund Equity and Net Position

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal vote and passage of an ordinance of the City Council. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment by passage of a subsequent ordinance.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The fund balance policy approved by an Ordinance of the City Council expressly delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City's Finance Director.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Fund Equity and Net Position (Continued)

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Only deficits in fund balances may be reported as unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, and (3) Unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Amounts shown as net investment in capital assets are made up of capital asset costs, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted. The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Restrictions on the government-wide statement of net position represent amounts segregated to meet debt covenants and Federal and State laws.

N. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used in the fund financial statements are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of deferred inflows of resources arising only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and sales taxes (paid by the Cobb County on an annual basis per intergovernmental agreement), as these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$627,881 difference are as follows:

Capital leases payable	\$ (516,669)
Compensated absences	(111,212)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (627,881)

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$486,056 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 1,136,616
Depreciation expense	(650,560)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 486,056

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City of Austell, Georgia employs the following procedures in establishing its annual budget:

- The administration of the City submits a proposed operating budget to the Mayor and City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 2. Prior to any action by the Mayor and City Council, the City publishes the proposed budget and makes copies available to the residents of the City.
- 3. Public meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budget is then legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Mayor and City Council.

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS (Continued)

5. Budgetary control is exercised at the department level. The City administration is authorized to transfer budget amounts within a department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department require a budget amendment by the Mayor and City Council. The City did not significantly amend the budgets for any of its funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The City did not adopt or amend an annual budget for the Public Assistance Grant Special Revenue Fund since there was no anticipated or actual activity for the current fiscal year.

The following funds and General Fund departments had excesses of actual expenditures over appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Multiple Grants Fund:	
Transfers Out	26,851
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - Tourism and Economic Development	961
Cobb County SPLOST Fund - Public Works	108,895
Cobb County SPLOST Debt Service:	
Principal	15,214
Interest	4,883
General Fund departments:	
Highways and Streets (Public Works)	8,777
Maintenance and Shop (Public Works)	605
Special Activities (Culture and Recreation)	323
Transfers Out	418,099

These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and by available fund balance.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS

Total deposits as of June 30, 2014 are summarized as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	 Amount
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,659,867
Certificates of Deposit	 167,728
	\$ 4,827,595

Interest rate risk. The City has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes and City policy require all deposits and investments (other than Federal or State government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2014, the City had \$772,293 deposited at a financial institution that was not insured or properly collateralized in accordance with state statutes.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. The tax bills are levied on July 1. Tax billings are mailed in the month of November and considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is December 31st. After this date, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when levied. Revenues are recognized when available.

For the City's Stormwater Enterprise Fund, residential stormwater fees are billed annually on the same date as the property tax bill as noted above and is attached to the property tax bill.

Receivables at June 30, 2014, for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General Fund		Cou	Cobb Inty SPLOST Fund	Mul	tiple Grants Fund	readmill complex Fund	Water & Sewer Fund	St	ormwater Fund	No	Other onmajor Funds
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$	197,235	\$	-	\$	-	\$ =	\$ -	\$	=	\$	256
Accounts		27,020		=		-	5,901	550,330		412,371		32,533
Due from other												
governments		-		233,793		31,408	-	-		-		50,231
Other		23,794		=		-	=	-		-		-
Less allowance												
for uncollectible receivables		(48,997)		-		-	(1,000)	(247,796)		-		-
Net total receivable	\$	199,052	\$	233,793	\$	31,408	\$ 4,901	\$ 302,534	\$	412,371	\$	83,020

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,961,661	\$	21,950 46,089	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ 1,983,611 46,089
Total	 1,961,661	_	68,039	_		_		 2,029,700
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and								
improvements	5,423,829		447,291		_		-	5,871,120
Infrastructure	3,586,806		290,771		-		-	3,877,577
Furniture and fixtures	61,970		-		(979)		-	60,991
Machinery and equipment	1,390,716		210,009		(111,401)		-	1,489,324
Computer equipment	139,387		10,975		(12,643)		-	137,719
Vehicles	 2,778,166		109,531					2,887,697
Total	 13,380,874		1,068,577	_	(125,023)			 14,324,428
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and								
improvements	(2,629,518)		(159,412)		-		-	(2,788,930)
Infrastructure	(364,314)		(77,962)		-		-	(442,276)
Furniture and fixtures	(47,845)		(5,869)		979		=	(52,735)
Machinery and equipment	(1,001,569)		(157,337)		111,401		-	(1,047,505)
Computer equipment	(128,673)		(5,777)		12,643		-	(121,807)
Vehicles	(1,783,510)		(244,203)				-	(2,027,713)
Total	(5,955,429)		(650,560)		125,023			(6,480,966)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,425,445		418,017				<u>-</u>	7,843,462
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,387,106	\$	486,056	\$		\$		\$ 9,873,162

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 545,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 545,640		
Total	545,640			545,640		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure	6,383,220	1,570	-	6,384,790		
Buildings and improvements	8,223,268	<u>-</u>	-	8,223,268		
Machinery and equipment	362,389	35,908	-	398,297		
Vehicles	348,879	0.720	-	348,879		
Computer equipment Total	13,808 15,331,564	9,720 47,198		23,528 15,378,762		
rotai	10,001,004	77,190		10,070,702		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure	(3,208,977)	, ,	-	(3,352,405)		
Buildings and improvements	(3,300,319)	, ,	-	(3,605,913)		
Machinery and equipment	(314,284)		-	(334,686)		
Vehicles	(348,879)		-	(348,879)		
Computer equipment Total	(13,808) (7,186,267)	(839) (470,263)		(14,647) (7,656,530)		
	(1,100,201)	(470,203)		(7,030,330)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,145,297	(423,065)	_	7,722,232		
•	0,140,201	(+20,000)		1,122,202		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,690,937	\$ (423,065)	\$ -	\$ 8,267,872		
,	7 3,333,531	+ (,)		7 3,=31,01=		
Depreciation expense was	charged to functio	ns/programs of th	ne primary gover	nment as follows:		
Governmental activities:						
General government				\$ 61,734		
Public safety				226,896		
Public works				208,790		
Culture and recreation				153,140		
Total depreciation expense	e - governmental a	ctivities		\$ 650,560		
Business-type activities:						
•						
Threadmill complex				\$ 311,597		
Water and sewer				64,541		
Stormwater				94,125		
Total depreciation expense	e - business-type a	ctivities		\$ 470,263		

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Austell Natural Gas System

	Beginning Balance			Increases	D	eletions and Transfers	Ending Balance			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	417,968	\$	4,195	\$	-	\$	422,163		
Construction in progress		27,150		3,210		-		30,360		
Total		445,118		7,405		_		452,523		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Infrastructure		73,475,200		1,011,734		(43,468)		74,443,466		
Furniture, fixtures, and										
equipment		2,566,998		141,984		(58,793)		2,650,189		
Vehicles		1,126,685		164,807		(116,617)		1,174,875		
Total		77,168,883		1,318,525		(218,878)		78,268,530		
Less accumulated										
depreciation:		56,191,885		2,934,382		(218,878)		58,907,389		
Total capital assets, being		20.070.000		(4 045 057)		_		40.264.444		
depreciated, net		20,976,998		(1,615,857)				19,361,141		
Total capital assets, net	\$	21,422,116	\$	(1,608,452)	\$	_	\$	19,813,664		

Depreciation of the original cost of depreciable assets is calculated using the composite straight-line method at the following rates:

Gas utility system	3.25%
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	10.00
Electronic data procession equipment	16.67
Transportation vehicles	25.00

This composite method of depreciation as allowed by GASB No. 34 refers to the depreciation of a grouping of dissimilar assets of the same class using a uniform rate of depreciation as noted above. GASB No. 34 allows the rate of depreciation to be calculated in different ways. The method chosen by the Gas System is to base the rate of depreciation on its assessment of the life of the group of assets as a whole.

NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES

The City is the lessor of office space at the Threadmill Complex. During fiscal year 2014, the City received \$1,197,590 in operating lease revenue. The carrying value of the building and improvements of \$5,093,507 (cost of \$8,866,476 less accumulated depreciation of \$3,772,969, which includes \$311,597 depreciation expense in fiscal year 2014) is included in capital assets in the Threadmill Complex Fund. Most leases are year-to-year and expire at various times throughout the fiscal year. However, there are two (2) leases with terms extending beyond the end of the next fiscal year.

Lease revenues from these tenants in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Total Revenues
2015	760,019
2016	769,992
2017	789,939
2018	789,939
2019	530,626
2020-2024	60,000
2025-2029	60,000
2030	8,000

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		• •			Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Fiscal Year		
Governmental activities:										
Capital leases	\$	782,588	\$	-	\$	(265,919)	\$ 516,669	\$	273,484	
Compensated absences		101,737		85,794		(76,319)	 111,212		27,803	
Governmental activities:						_	_		_	
Long-term liabilities	\$	884,325	\$	85,794	\$	(342,238)	\$ 627,881	\$	301,287	

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	_	ue Within Fiscal Year
Business-type activities:								
Compensated absences	\$ 37,583	\$	32,452	\$	(25,277)	\$ 44,758	\$	35,807
Business-type activities: Long-term liabilities	\$ 37,583	\$	32,452	\$	(25,277)	\$ 44,758	\$	35,807

For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund from which employees' salaries are paid. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Threadmill Complex Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund from which employees' salaries are paid.

Capital Leases. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various public safety and public works vehicles. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present values of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. As of June 30, 2014, the City had assets with a net book value of \$731,459 (asset value of \$1,086,224 less accumulated depreciation of \$346,765). Annual depreciation (\$157,204) of these assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

The City's total capital lease debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	GovernmentalActivities			
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,				
2015	\$	287,771		
2016		249,807		
Total minimum lease payments		537,578		
Less amount representing interest		20,909		
Total value of capital leases payable at fiscal year-end.	\$	516,669		

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Austell Natural Gas System

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2014, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	_	Due Within e Fiscal Year
Revenue bonds Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences	\$ 5,120,000 113,560 374,016	\$ - 56,931 507,722	\$	(1,795,000) (23,454) (475,379)	\$ 3,325,000 147,037 406,359	\$	1,600,000 - 406,359
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 5,607,576	\$ 564,653	\$	(2,293,833)	\$ 3,878,396	\$	2,006,359

Revenue Bonds. The Austell Natural Gas System ("the System") has issued various revenue bonds to finance the expansion and improvement of the gas utility plant. The outstanding issues are as follows:

Interest		Interest Due				Amount			
Issuance	Rate	Term	Date		Amount	Oı	Outstanding		
Series 2004	3.50%	11 years	2015	\$	5,000,000	\$	1,170,000		
Series 2006	4.02%	15 years	2021		6,000,000		2,155,000		
				\$	11,000,000	\$	3,325,000		

The debt service requirements to maturity on the bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending July 31,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2015	\$ 1,600,000	127,581	\$	1,727,581	
2016	450,000	69,345		519,345	
2017	465,000	51,255		516,255	
2018	485,000	32,562		517,562	
2019	 325,000	13,065		338,065	
Total	\$ 3,325,000	\$ 293,808	\$	3,618,808	

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances of the City as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Due to / from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Multiple Grants Fund	\$ 3,615
General Fund	Austell Area Community Council Fund	270,147
General Fund	Threadmill Complex Fund	18,248
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	202
General Fund	Multiple Grants Fund	127,831
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	96,222
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	3,841
Stormwater Fund	General Fund	87,018
Austell Area Community Council Fund	Threadmill Complex Fund	623,451
Threadmill Complex Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	112,721
Cobb County SPLOST Fund	Multiple Grants Fund	 134,204
		\$ 1,477,500

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Note that the \$134,204 interfund payable due to the Cobb County SPLOST Fund from the Multiple Grants Fund is a result of the Multiple Grants Fund owing the SPLOST Fund for a portion of an invoice in which LMIG money and SPLOST money is dedicated to. The City recorded this project in the SPLOST Fund (which is an approved SPLOST Referendum Project) and is supplementing with other funding which has created the interfund receivable.

Advances from/to other funds are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u> </u>	Amount
Austell Area Community			
Council Fund	Threadmill Complex Fund	\$	3,672,000

During fiscal year 2013, the City authorized an interfund agreement between the Austell Area Community Council Fund (AACC) and its Threadmill Complex Fund in which the AACC Fund advanced \$4,590,000 to the Threadmill Complex Fund in order to pay off its outstanding revenue bonds. The Threadmill Complex Fund began repaying the balance (plus interest) over nine (9) years commencing on September 1, 2013 and ending on September 1, 2022. Interest rates range from 3% to 4%. As of June 30, 2014, \$459,000 (which represents principal due on September 1, 2014) has been reclassed as a due to/from other funds for these two funds.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	 Amount
Primary government -	Component Unit - Austell	
General Fund	Natural Gas System	\$ 4,377,458

At June 30, 2014, Austell Natural Gas System owed the primary government \$4,377,458. However, the Gas System reported a payable of \$4,522,061. The difference is a result of the Gas System's fiscal year-end being July 31, 2014 and reporting \$144,603 of July 2014 fees due to the primary government.

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	_	Amount	
Multiple Grants Fund	General Fund	\$	80,817	
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		387,954	
Threadmill Complex Fund	General Fund		297,015	
Threadmill Complex Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		112,721	
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		116,181	
Stormwater Fund	General Fund		141,133	
Solid Waste	General Fund		60,517	
General Fund	Multiple Grants Fund		26,851	
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund		567	
		\$	1,223,756	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) use unrestricted revenues of the General Fund to cover the operational shortfalls of the other funds.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of Austell Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

As provided by State law, benefit provisions for Participants in GMEBS are established by the respective employers. As authorized by the City Council, the Plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for Plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials, who work thirty hours or more per week, are eligible to participate after one year. Benefits vest after five years of service. A City employee who retires at age 65 with five years of service is entitled to benefits of 2.25% of final average earnings in excess of covered compensation. An employee may elect early retirement at age 55 provided he or she has a minimum of 25 years total credited service to receive full benefits, otherwise early retirement may be elected after only 10 years of service for reduced benefits. Elected officials are entitled to \$41 for each year of service after reaching normal retirement age.

At January 1, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 151 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	30
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	31
Active employees - vested	68
Active employees - nonvested	22_
Total	151

Funding Policy

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets State minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the Plan. The funding policy for the Plan is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the recommended contribution described below. For 2014, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 8.55% of covered payroll.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

For fiscal year 2014, the City's recommended contribution was \$361,008. Actual contributions totaled \$361,008. The recommended contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions include a 7.75% rate of return on investments, a 3.5% inflation rate and projected salary increases of 3.5% based on age and years of service. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1981 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods are closed for this Plan year. The actuarial value of the Plan assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a ten year period.

The following is a schedule of funding progress:

Most Recent		(a)		(b)	_	(b-a) Infunded Actuarial				[(b-a)/ UAAL a	_
Actuarial		Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued	(a/b)		(c)	Percent	
Valuation	Valuation Value of Accrued		Accrued	Accrued Liability		Funded		Covered	of Covered		
<u>Date</u>		Assets	Lia	bility (AAL)		(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payro	oll
1/1/2014	\$	7,423,976	\$	7,543,802	\$	119,826	98.41 %	\$	3,418,357	3.51	%

(h a)

The above schedule of funding progress serves as a surrogate for the funded status of the funding progress of the Plan. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan net assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of January 1, 2013 (actuarial evaluation date applicable for fiscal year June 30, 2014).

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	 Actual Pension Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed			Net Pension Obligation
2014	\$ 361,008	\$ 361,008	100	%	\$	
2013	342,726	342,726	100			-
2012	320,778	320,778	100			-

NOTE 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City of Austell, Georgia offers its employees an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan (the "Plan") which is a deferred compensation plan that qualifies as a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan is administered by a third party administrator, The Hartford. The City has no fiduciary relationship with the Trust. Accordingly, the Plan assets are not reported in the City's financial statements. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Mayor and Council. At June 30, 2014, there were 16 plan members, in the respective plans.

Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. Employees may contribute a portion of their gross salary, not to exceed the IRS guidelines, into the Plans. The Plan allows employees to increase, decrease, stop and restart deferrals as often as they wish without penalties or fees. Total employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$48,857.

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Atlanta, Georgia area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Dues to the ARC are assessed at the County level and are, accordingly, paid by Cobb County. Membership in the ARC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the ARC in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and various municipalities of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from ARC, 40 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the State as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims have not exceeded the coverages in the past three (3) fiscal years.

The City carries commercial insurance for other risks of losses. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three (3) fiscal years.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation:

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions in the nature of claims for alleged damages to persons and property and other similar types of actions rising in the course of City operations. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Grant Contingencies:

The City has received Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 15. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City imposes a hotel/motel tax on lodging facilities within the City. The tax was assessed at 8%. Revenues were \$2,505 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Of this amount, 62.5%, or \$1,566, was remitted to the Cobb-Marietta Coliseum and Exhibit Hall Authority as is contractually obligated. The receipts from the City, less 37.5% are pledged as a revenue source for debt service requirements of the Authority. Of the amount remitted to the Authority, the City will obtain a reimbursement of 40%.

NOTE 15. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX (CONTINUED)

The City expended \$4,161, including the amount remitted to the Cobb-Marietta Coliseum and Exhibit Hall Authority, during the current fiscal year to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows to operate, maintain, and market a community auditorium or theater as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
1/1/2014	\$ 7,423,976	\$ 7,543,802	\$ 119,826	98.4%	\$ 3,418,357	3.51%
1/1/2013	6,793,975	7,252,168	458,193	93.7%	3,577,136	12.81%
1/1/2012	6,237,216	6,622,961	385,745	94.2%	3,423,593	11.27%
1/1/2011	5,756,311	6,065,523	309,212	94.9%	3,204,441	9.65%
1/1/2010	5,191,310	5,717,037	525,727	90.8%	3,470,671	15.15%
7/1/2009	4,007,363	6,419,208	2,411,845	62.4%	3,470,671	69.49%

See assumptions used and disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

- <u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> To account for the City's share of excess funds received from confiscated capital and equipment. Georgia law allows police agencies to file for seizure of property related to illegal substances or activities. These funds must be used to purchase police equipment.
- <u>Emergency Telephone System Fund</u> Established in compliance with State law to account for the receipt of the "911" Emergency Telephone System charges collected by communication firms. This revenue is used to offset the costs of operating the "911" system.
- <u>Public Assistance Grant Fund</u> To account for restricted grant monies received from various Federal and State agencies as a result of substantial flood damage to the City.
- <u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> Established to account for the collection of an 8% excise tax on charges for hotel/motel accommodations in the City. This levy is required by State law to promote tourism, conventions, trade shows, and other related purposes. 62.5% is remitted to the Cobb-Marietta Coliseum and Exhibit Hall Authority as is contractually obligated. The receipts from the City, less 37.5% are pledged as a revenue source for the debt service requirements of the Authority. Of the amount remitted to the Authority, the City will obtain a reimbursement of 40%.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

<u>Douglas County SPLOST Fund</u> – To account for the acquisition and construction of major park improvements that were approved by the voters of Douglas County, Georgia through the special purpose local option tax referendum.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

				Special	Reven	Special Revenue Funds			Canital Projects Fund	Filind		
	၂ မိ	Confiscated	 	Emergency		Public		ĺ			z	Total Nonmaior
ASSETS		Assets Fund	Sys	Telephone System Fund		Assistance Grant Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	ax	Douglas County SPLOST Fund	nnty	69	Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid items	ω	58,398	₩	157,598 16,141 - - - 47,270	↔	50,231	€	232 - 256 - 3,841	€-	5,132	↔	221,360 16,141 256 50,231 3,841 47,270
Total assets	८	58,398	₩	221,009	↔	50,231	8,	4,329	€	5,132	↔	339,099
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	€	1	↔	1	↔	ı	€	297	€	•	↔	297
Accrued liabilities		1		3,725		- 34 027				•		3,725
Due to other governments						15,304						30,222 15,304
Due to others		21,888		1		1		1		1		21,888
Total liabilities		21,888		65,020		50,231		297		1		137,436
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable for:		,		47 270		•				,		47 270
Restricted for:) [
Capital construction I aw enforcement activities		36.510								5,132		5,132
Public safety activities)		108,719		•				1		108,719
Tourism and economic development		1		1		1	4,(4,032		1		4,032
Total fund balances		36,510		155,989		1	4,0	4,032		5,132		201,663
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	58,398	↔	221,009	↔	50,231	8,	4,329	₩.	5,132	↔	339,099

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Special Re	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	
	Confiscated Assets Fund	Emel Tele Syste	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Public Assistance Grant Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Douglas County SPLOST Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	€	₩	1	· ·	\$ 2,505	€	\$ 2,505
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	- 888		124,242		1 1	, ,	124,242
Miscellaneous			•	1	814	1	814
Total revenues	28,398		124,242		3,319		155,959
Expenditures Current Public safetv	,		409.775	1		,	409.775
Tourism and economic development				•	4,161	•	4,161
Total expenditures			409,775	•	4,161		413,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	28,398		(285,533)	1	(842)	1	(257,977)
Other financing sources Transfers in			387,954	•	'		387,954
l otal other infancing sources Net change in fund balances	28,398		387,954		(842)		387,954
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	8,112		53,568	'	4,874	5,132	71,686
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$ 36,510	₩	155,989	₩	\$ 4,032	\$ 5,132	\$ 201,663

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Bud	dget			Vari	ance With
	 Priginal		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 28,398	\$	23,398
Total revenue	 5,000		5,000	 28,398		23,398
Expenditures						
Public safety	 5,000		5,000	 		5,000
Total expenditures	 5,000		5,000	 		5,000
Net change in fund balances	-		-	28,398		28,398
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	 8,112		8,112	 8,112		-
und balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 8,112	\$	8,112	\$ 36,510	\$	28,398

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Bud	dget			Var	iance With
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 124,000	\$	124,000	\$ 124,242	\$	242
Interest income	 200		200	 		(200)
Total revenue	 124,200		124,200	 124,242		42
Expenditures						
Public safety	 512,154		512,154	 409,775		102,379
Total expenditures	 512,154		512,154	 409,775		102,379
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(387,954)		(387,954)	(285,533)		102,421
Other financing sources						
Transfers in	 387,954		387,954	 387,954		-
Total other financing sources	 387,954		387,954	387,954		-
Net change in fund balances	-		-	102,421		102,421
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	 53,568		53,568	 53,568		-
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 53,568	\$	53,568	\$ 155,989	\$	102,421

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Bu	dget	Final /		Actual	nce With
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 3,200	\$	3,200	\$	2,505	\$ (695)
Miscellaneous	 		-		814	 814
Total revenue	 3,200		3,200		3,319	119
Expenditures						
Tourism and economic development	 3,200		3,200		4,161	 (961)
Total expenditures	 3,200		3,200		4,161	(961)
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(842)	(842)
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	 4,874		4,874		4,874	
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 4,874	\$	4,874	\$	4,032	\$ (842)

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA COBB COUNTY SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Buc	dget		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Sales and excise taxes	\$ 1,618,276	\$ 1,618,276	\$ 1,367,199	\$ (251,077)
Total revenue	1,618,276	1,618,276	1,367,199	(251,077)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety	500,000	590,000	92,624	497,376
Public works	-	215,000	323,895	(108,895)
Culture and recreation	235,159	235,159	4,285	230,874
Capital outlays	1,155,440	810,440	728,712	81,728
Debt service:				
Principal	210,705	250,705	265,919	(15,214)
Interest	16,972	16,972	21,855	(4,883)
Total expenditures	2,118,276	2,118,276	1,437,290	680,986
Net change in fund balances	(500,000)	(500,000)	(70,091)	429,909
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	2,025,988	2,025,988	2,025,988	
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 1,525,988	\$ 1,525,988	\$ 1,955,897	\$ 429,909

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA AUSTELL AREA COMMUNITY COUNCIL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Bu	dget			Var	iance With
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	al Budget
Revenues						
Interest income	\$ 174,000	\$	174,000	\$ 132,527	\$	(41,473)
Total revenue	 174,000		174,000	 132,527		(41,473)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	65,060		65,060	65,056		4
Culture and recreation	22,000		22,000	21,951		49
Capital outlays	 86,940		86,940	 86,057		883
Total expenditures	 174,000		174,000	 173,064		936
Net change in fund balances	-		-	(40,537)		(40,537)
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	 5,485,780		5,485,780	 5,485,780		
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 5,485,780	\$	5,485,780	\$ 5,445,243	\$	(40,537)

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Douglas County Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax		Estir	Estimated Cost	Sost			Expenditures		
<u>Project</u>		Original		Revised	Prior	Prior Fiscal Years	Current Fiscal Year		Total
Park improvements	↔	522,094	€	527,226	€	522,094	€	↔	522,094
	↔	522,094	↔	527,226	↔	522,094	₩	છ	522,094

CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Cobb County Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	Estir	Estimated Cost	ost			Expenditures	ıres		
Project (3)	Original (1)		Revised (1)	Prior Fis	Prior Fiscal Years (2)	Current	Current Fiscal Year		Total
		•		•		•		•	1
Kesurtacing	1,100,000	9	1,100,000	₽	724,051	€	212,695	s)	936,746
DOT Projects	535,000		535,000		548,692		•		548,692
Sidewalks	502,355		502,355		218,958		401,974		620,932
Equipment (including debt service on equipment under capital leases)	665,957		665,957		235,427		273,143		508,570
PARKS PROJECTS:									
Improvements	846,000		846,000		389,253		269,207		658,460
Equipment (including debt service on equipment under capital leases)	322,046		322,046		151,599		42,448		194,047
Public Safety:									
Equipment (including debt service on equipment under capital leases)	700,828		700,828		882,104		237,823		1,119,927
9	4,672,186	↔	4,672,186	↔	3,150,084	↔	1,437,290	↔	4,587,374

- (1) Modified from prior year to show costs per the 2011 SPLOST Referendum only. There have been no revisions for the 2011 SPLOST.
- (2) Corrected to properly show SPLOST expenditures not properly reported in the prior fiscal year CAFR(3) Presentation of this schedule has changed from the prior fiscal year to provide more of a detail of projects as listed in the 2011 Referendum.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Austell's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	59
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	66
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	
Debt Capacity	72
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's	
current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	77
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the	
environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	80
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the	
information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities	
it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant fiscal year. GASB Statement number 54 established a hierarchy of fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which governments are bound by constraints placed on resources. The effective date for implementation of GASB 54 was for periods beginning after June 15, 2010, presentation for fiscal years 2002-2010 are prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54. Fiscal year 2011 was the first fiscal year of implementation of GASB 63 and 65.

SCHEDULE 1
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 4,800,935 102,741 8,976,714	\$ 6,466,051 280,049 10,341,070	\$ 7,178,213 551,645 9,338,626	\$ 7,688,533 749,840 10,459,475	\$ 8,053,182 678,812 10,227,220	\$ 8,005,695 845,779 10,566,154	\$ 8,262,097 7,051,332 3,971,920	\$ 8,110,670 7,290,614 3,325,569	\$ 8,604,518 7,561,988 4,567,337	\$ 9,356,493 6,867,033 6,217,288
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 13,880,390	\$ 17,087,170	\$ 17,068,484	\$ 18,897,848	\$ 18,959,214	\$ 19,417,628	\$ 19,285,349	\$ 18,726,853	\$ 20,733,843	\$ 22,440,814
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	3,252,552 254,841 628,080	3,998,010 257,873 (581,646)	4,635,570 265,848 265,675	4,619,036 276,348 207,603	4,782,570	4,640,975	4,460,100	4,263,346	8,690,937	8,267,872
Total business-type activities net position	4,135,473	3,674,237	5,167,093	5,102,987	5,411,091	5,253,593	5,105,241	5,072,239	4,616,684	5,012,969
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted	8,053,487 5,723,392 4,238,984	10,464,061 537,922 9,759,424	11,813,783 817,493 9,604,301	12,307,569 1,026,188 10,667,078	12,835,752 678,812 10,855,741	12,646,670 845,779 11,178,772	12,722,197 7,051,332 4,617,061	12,374,016 7,290,614 4,134,462	17,295,455 7,561,988 493,084	17,624,365 6,867,033 2,962,385
Total primary government net position	\$ 18,015,863	\$ 20,761,407	\$ 22,235,577	\$ 24,000,835	\$ 24,370,305	\$ 24,671,221	\$ 24,390,590	\$ 23,799,092	\$ 25,350,527	\$ 27,453,783

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

SCHEDULE 2
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Program Expenses Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 6,058,290 3,825,671	\$ 5,863,327 4,257,452	\$ 6,303,184 4,201,914	\$ 6,636,983 3,930,461	\$ 7,131,280 4,485,555	\$ 7,901,982	\$ 8,119,091 4,945,651	\$ 7,314,897 5,321,028	\$ 8,579,080	\$ 9,709,174 5,139,625
Total primary government program expenses	9,883,961	10,120,779	10,505,098	10,567,444	11,616,835	12,962,273	13,064,742	12,635,925	13,746,796	14,848,799
Program Revenues Governmental activities Business-type activities	1,379,245	2,357,017 3,687,520	1,599,148	1,399,687 3,945,604	1,277,092	1,764,613	2,719,112 4,600,647	2,243,764 5,221,338	4,369,053 4,980,031	4,918,117 5,167,434
Total primary government program revenues	5,311,968	6,044,537	5,585,329	5,345,291	5,386,393	6,520,114	7,319,759	7,465,102	9,349,084	10,085,551
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	(4,679,045)	(3,506,310) (569,932)	(4,704,036)	(5,237,296)	(5,854,188)	(6,137,369)	(5,399,979)	(5,071,133)	(4,210,027) (187,685)	(4,791,057) 27,809
Total primary government net expense	(4,571,993)	(4,076,242)	(4,919,769)	(5,222,153)	(6,230,442)	(6,442,159)	(5,744,983)	(5,170,823)	(4,397,712)	(4,763,248)
General Reveneus Governmental activities Business-type activities	5,950,455 (481,733)	6,713,090	4,685,350 1,708,589	7,066,660 (79,249)	5,915,554 684,358	6,595,783 147,292	5,267,700	4,512,637	6,217,017 (267,870)	6,483,453 383,051
Total primary government	5,468,722	6,821,786	6,393,939	6,987,411	6,599,912	6,743,075	5,464,352	4,653,075	5,949,147	6,866,504
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	(374,681)	3,206,780 (461,236)	(18,686) 1,492,856	1,829,364 (64,106)	61,366	458,414 (157,498)	(132,279)	(558,496) 40,74 <u>8</u>	2,006,990 (455,555)	1,692,396
Total primary government	\$ 896,729	\$ 2,745,544	\$ 1,474,170	\$ 1,765,258	\$ 369,470	\$ 300,916	\$ (280,631)	\$ (517,748)	\$ 1,551,435	\$ 2,103,256

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

SCHEDULE 3
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

							E	Fiscal Year	Ŀ								
	2005	Î	2006		2007	2008	2008 (1) (2) (3)		2009	2010		2011	20	2012	2	2013	2014
Governmental Activities:																	
General government	\$ 633,071		\$ 671,671	S	647,899	s	744,984	S	888,240	\$ 1,525,256	s	1,718,896	S	807,178	s	773,771	\$ 800,543
Judicial			•		•		•		•	137,650		174,291		166,459		176,421	176,700
Public safety	3,646,926	926	3,797,687		4,101,953		4,271,174		4,385,022	4,157,890		4,236,875	κń	,920,602	С	986,386	4,111,629
Public works	1,088,348	348	641,166		795,335		844,996		962,216	1,272,445		1,806,147		1,763,851	7	2,890,186	3,856,149
Solid Waste Management							110,040		806,66	6,754		1,706		72			
Health and welfare	49,	49,489	42,276		43,097		,		•	•				,		ı	,
Culture and recreation	448,334	334	559,716		538,052		600,635		693,455	713,925		89,615		600,637		161,089	673,860
Tourism and economic development		,	,		,		3,398		2,934	3,090		4,888		4,673		4,521	4,161
Housing and development	189,905	905	132,379		165,942		38,607		88,779	78,286		79,340		49,761		48,896	64,277
Interest on long-term debt	,2,	2,217	18,432		10,906		23,149		10,726	989'9		7,333		1,664		18,708	21,855
Total Governmental Activities	6,058,290	290	5,863,327		6,303,184		6,636,983		7,131,280	7,901,982		8,119,091	7,	7,314,897	∞	8,579,080	9,709,174
Business-Type Activities:																	
Threadmill Complex	1,240,884	884	1,601,017		1,459,273		1,385,098		1,431,768	1,386,394		1,373,794	1,	,408,770	_	,323,467	1,314,778
Water and sewer	2,584,787	787	2,656,435		2,742,641		2,545,363		3,053,787	3,177,074		3,125,881	3,	3,472,137	3	3,308,126	3,256,714
Stormwater			•				,		•	378,725		304,530		290,936		401,950	422,208
Solid waste						ļ				118,098		141,446		149,185		134,173	145,925
Total Business-Tyne Activities	129 5 6 21	671	4 2 57 452		4 201 914		3 930 461		4 485 555	5 060 291		4 945 651	v	5 321 028	,	5 167 716	5 139 625
	,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ļ	0,000		,			2000	ŝ	010,110	,	01,101,	10000
Total Government-Wide Expenses	\$ 9,883,961		\$ 10,120,779	S	10,505,098	66	10,567,444	S	11,616,835	\$ 12,962,273	S	\$ 13,064,742	\$ 12,	12,635,925	\$ 13	13,746,796	\$ 14,848,799
	-																

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

(1) During fiscal year 2008, the City began reporting its solid waste management activities separate from its public works activities.

(2) During fiscal year 2008, the City also began recording expenditures previously recorded under health and welfare as

General government expenditures.

(3) During fiscal year 2008, the City began reporting its tourism and economic development activities separate from its general government activities.

SCHEDULE 4
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
GOVERNMENT-WIDE PROGRAM REVENUES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	20	Fiscal Year	Year 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014
Governmental Activities: Charges for services: General government	\$ 23,767	\$ 53,789	\$ 62,986	\$ 98	1		\$ 55,821	\$ 3,675	\$ 5,938	\$	7,969	\$ 7,037
Judicial Public safety	722,435	- 87£,769	832,195	•	- 727,633	733,632	660,810 117,046	437,067 136,493	526,675 123,571	596 130	596,609 130,805	515,859 136,735
Public works Solid waste management	78,794	79,510	78,202		- 600 08	- 89 693	64,381	21,513	18,942	19	19,419 3 910	63,144
Culture and recreation	,	1	1		50,917	64,892	î)	,)	2 .)
Housing and development	51,943	43,175	57,634		24,455	14,335	•	•	•			٠
Operating grants and contributions	48,781	78,437	76,054	_	89,830	81,138	293,258	548,637	16,222		310	290
Capital grants and contributions	453,525	1,404,728	492,077		426,843	293,402	570,399	1,567,671	1,548,658	3,610,031	,031	4,190,979
Total Governmental Activities	1,379,245	2,357,017	1,599,148		1,399,687	1,277,092	1,764,613	2,719,112	2,243,764	4,369,053	,053	4,918,117
Business-Type Activities: Charges for services:												
Threadmill Complex	1,017,659	980,040	1,022,369	_	1,120,973	1,116,053	1,045,701	1,078,585	1,120,537	1,118,192	3,192	1,197,590
Water and Sewer	2,715,064	2,707,480	2,906,312		24,631	2,993,248	3,592,244	3,268,623	3,679,283	3,417	7,558	3,478,282
Solid Waste							34,719 82,837	82,215 82,215	83,641	380 83	360,387 83,894	406,280 85,282
Capital grants and contributions	200,000	•	57,500	8		1	. 1	.				. 1
Total Business-Type Activities	3,932,723	3,687,520	3,986,18		3,945,604	4,109,301	4,755,501	4,600,647	5,221,338	4,980,03),031	5,167,434
Total Government-Wide Program Revenues \$ 5,311,968 \$ 6,044,53	\$ 5,311,968	\$ 6,044,537	\$ 5,585,329	∞ ∥	5,345,291	\$ 5,386,393	\$ 6,520,114	\$ 7,319,759	\$ 7,465,102	\$ 9,349,084	,084	\$ 10,085,551

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

SCHEDULE 5
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
GENERAL AND OTHER REVENUES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year							
	2005	2006	2007		2008	2009		2010	2011	2012		2013	2014
Governmental activities: Taxes													
Property Taxes	\$ 540,875	\$ 673,147	\$ 61	618,953	\$ 688,309	\$ 709,69	91 \$	706,063	\$ 588,691	\$ 585,391	91 \$	651,736	\$ 576,380
Sales and Use Taxes	202,629	267,070	48	486,437	544,844	400,115	15	48,270	49,723	55,388	88	19,013	64,639
Franchise taxes and ownership fees	3,826,347	5,083,536	4,42	3,436	4,896,159	4,700,93	34	5,033,139	4,002,266	3,780,532	32	5,022,783	5,598,620
Other Taxes	328,916	538,957	53	530,417	543,263	555,630	30	543,458	523,631	137,457	57	144,820	552,349
Penalties and Interest	1,867	762		6,926	3,439	11,927	27	3,770	16,446	2,32	21	13,871	18,782
Unrestricted investment earnings	205,282	234,663	28	282,358	304,526	213,824	24	127,806	12,060	4,253	53	3	
Miscellaneous	352,955	12,209	6.3	33,848		089	30	161,309	264,452	73,275	75	96,921	55,734
Gain on sale of capital assets		•		,		'		116,243	•	14,103	03		
Transfers	•	(97,254)	(1,69	(1,697,025)	86,120	(677,197	(1/6	(144,275)	(189,569)	(140,083	83)	267,870	(383,051)
Total Governmental Activities	5,458,871	6,713,090	4,68	4,685,350	7,066,660	5,915,554	54	6,595,783	5,267,700	4,512,637	37	6,217,017	6,483,453
Business-type activities:													
Unrestricted investment earnings	9,851	11,442	1	11,564	6,871	7,16	51	3,017	7,083	35	355		•
Miscellaneous Transfers		97.254	1.69	1.697.025	(86.120)	- 677.192	7.6	144.275	189.569	140.083	83	(267.870)	383.051
							: :1				 :l	(2)	
Total Business-type Activities	9,851	108,696	1,70	1,708,589	(79,249)	684,358	88	147,292	196,652	140,438	38	(267,870)	383,051
Total Government-Wide General and Other Revenue	\$ 5,468,722	\$ 6,821,786	\$ 6,39	6,393,939	\$ 6,987,411	\$ 6,599,912	12 \$	6,743,075	\$ 5,464,352	\$ 4,653,075	75 \$	5,949,147	\$ 6,866,504
	:												

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

SCHEDULE 6
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	Fisca 2008	Fiscal Year 2009	2010	2011		2012	2013		2014
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 40,981 3,618,450	\$ 55,747 3,081,035	\$ 241,367 3,357,429	\$ 256,249 4,117,783	\$ 364,276 3,967,587	\$ 232,944 4,383,560						
Total General Fund	\$ 3,659,431	\$ 3,136,782	\$ 3,598,796	\$ 4,374,032	\$ 4,331,863	\$ 4,616,504						
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	\$ 102,741 (57,408) 5,298,280	\$ 280,049 (180,669) 5,000,332	\$ 555,307 35,525 5,635,206	\$ 760,094 182,184 5,727,406	\$ 712,924 107,249 5,731,118	\$ 14,903 190,472 6,528,570						
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,343,613	\$ 5,099,712	\$ 6,226,038	\$ 6,669,684	\$ 6,551,291	\$ 6,733,945						
General Fund Nonspendable for: Prepaid items Inventory Assigned Unassigned							\$ 89,245 5,187 32,302 3,906,885	∞	133,649	\$ 191,654 - - 4,163,355		368,413
Total General Fund							\$ 4,033,619	S	3,304,412	\$ 4,355,009	\$ 600	5,425,880
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable for: Prepaid items Advances to other funds Restricted for							\$ 13,097	8	20,664	\$ 21,466 4,131,000	\$ 991	47,270 3,672,000
Capital construction Law enforcement activities Public safety activities Tourism and economic development	_						6,745,122 6,312 292,961 6,937		7,223,817 7,595 53,240 5,962	3,385,900 8,112 32,102 4,874	\$5,900 8,112 32,102 4,874	3,045,772 36,510 108,719 4,032
Committed for: Community enhancements Unassigned (deficit)							(114,255)		. (63,060)			688,500
Total all other governmental funds							\$ 6,950,174	S	7,248,218	\$ 7,583,454		7,602,803

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

Note: Beginning for fiscal year 2011, fund balance is reported under categories using the classifications provided by GASB Statement No. 54.

SCHEDULE 7
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Modified Accual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 4,571,191	\$ 3,936,139	\$ 7,996,861	\$ 6,630,481	\$ 6,392,321	\$ 6,297,590	\$ 5,184,197	\$ 4,529,825	\$ 5,858,320	\$ 6,936,519
Licenses and permits	395,745	411,117	445,045	24,455	14,335	66,212	23,344	22,550	24,583	67,808
Fines and forfeitures	603,044	591,432	716,700	573,250	567,212	660,810	437,067	526,675	296,609	515,859
Charges for services	204,052	192,149	207,774	225,598	255,588	173,934	142,393	129,659	137,520	142,881
Intergovernmental	173,506	1,445,749	568,922	438,042	244,025	861,803	2,026,232	1,517,312	3,360,811	4,058,452
Investment earnings	205,282	234,665	282,919	304,525	216,014	129,056	96,358	51,245	118,685	132,527
Penalties and interest	1,867	762		3,436	11,927					
Contributions and donations	360,000	1,538	3,460	1,070	550	604	2,018	576	310	290
Miscellaneous	60,157	57,764	85,853	59,712	68,637	161,309	264,452	73,275	96,921	55,734
Total Revenues	6,574,844	6,871,315	10,307,534	8,260,569	7,770,609	8,351,318	8,176,061	6,851,117	10,193,759	11,910,370
Expenditures										
Current -										
General government	605,935	649,922	598,144	669,486	796,164	1,521,556	1,423,125	783,171	719,992	862,705
Public safety	3,856,184	3,456,995	3,724,608	3,891,797	3,956,609	3,989,979	4,056,127	3,797,004	3,823,207	3,974,904
Judicial	126,724	138,145	150,763	151,108	149,780	137,645	174,265	166,459	176,421	176,700
Public works	1,066,161	772,453	784,028	713,133	791,490	1,243,849	1,812,906	2,018,153	2,721,570	3,649,359
Solid waste management				110,040	102,674	6,754	1,706	72		
Health and welfare	53,014	42,276	43,097		•					
Tourism and economic development				5,044	2,934	3,090	4,888	4,673	4,521	4,161
Culture and recreation	526,761	625,733	465,344	523,705	583,853	676,223	660,151	843,309	557,912	617,025
Housing and development	131,033	73,505	107,068	42,006	93,977	78,286	79,340	49,761	48,896	64,277
Capital Outlay	461,697	1,782,049	1,153,925	1,156,909	580,624	245,472	60,172	1,942	1,237,135	814,769
Debt Service -										
Principal	206,523	196,818	238,836	149,121	175,550	144,309	123,135	19,989	280,966	265,919
Interest	2,217	13,419	11,014	13,457	20,320	11,690	7,333	1,664	18,708	21,855
Total Expenditures	7,036,249	7,751,315	7,276,827	7,425,806	7,253,975	8,058,853	8,403,148	7,686,197	9,589,328	10,451,674
Evones (doffnioner) of vortamine										
excess (under) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(461,405)	(880,000)	3,030,707	834,763	516,634	292,465	(227,087)	(835,080)	604,431	1,458,696
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	513,030	113,450	242,434	298,000		000,09		529,217	513,532	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	567,615	•	12,225		•	259,105	50,000	14,783		
Transfers in	2,938,247		1	86,120		1,045,577	1,043,978	671,512	1,210,930	611,803
Transfers out Total other financing courses (uses)	(2,446,663)	113 450	(1,697,026)	384 120	(677,197)	(1,189,852)	(1,233,547)	(811,595)	(943,060)	(994,854)
rotal other illiancing sources (uses)	1,5 12,22	00+,011	(1,445,301)	384,120	(161,110)	0.00,471	(122,202)	405,211	701,107	(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,110,824	\$ (766,550)	\$ 1,588,340	\$ 1,218,883	\$ (160,563)	\$ 467,295	\$ (366,656)	\$ (431,163)	\$ 1,385,833	\$ 1,075,645
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	3.31%	3.68%	4.29%	2.66%	3.02%	2.04%	1.59%	0.28%	3.72%	2.89%

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

SCHEDULE 8
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
Modified Accrual Basis

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	Ta:	Taxes (2)	Licenses and Permits	Inter- Governmental	Charges for Service	Fines and Forfeitures	Interest Income	Contributions and Donations from Private	Miscellaneous	Total
2005	\$	4,897,093 \$	69,843	\$ 173,506 \$	\$ 204,052	\$ 604,911 \$	205,282	360,000	\$ 60,157	\$ 6,574,844
2006	3,	3,936,139	411,117	1,445,749	192,149	591,432	234,665	1,538	58,526	6,871,315
2007	&	8,383,903	58,003	568,922	207,774	716,700	282,919	3,460	85,853	10,307,534
2008	, 6,	6,633,917	24,455	438,042	225,598	573,250	304,525	1,070	59,712	8,260,569
2009	,9	6,404,248	14,335	244,025	255,588	567,212	216,014	550	68,637	7,770,609
2010	,9	5,297,590	66,212	861,803	173,934	660,810	129,056	604	161,309	8,351,318
2011	5,	5,184,197	23,344	2,026,232	142,393	437,067	96,358	2,018	264,452	8,176,061
2012	4,	4,529,825	22,550	1,517,312	129,659	526,675	51,245	276	73,275	6,851,117
2013	5,	5,858,320	24,583	3,360,811	137,520	296,609	118,685	310	96,921	10,193,759
2014	6,	6,936,519	67,808	4,058,452	142,881	515,859	132,527	290	55,734	11,910,370

Source: City's comprehensive annual financial reports for each applicable fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
(2) Includes ownership fees received from Austell Natural Gas System. Increase from 2013 to 2014 due to Franchise tax rate increase from 8% to 9% which is paid by the Austell Natural Gas System.

SCHEDULE 9
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE - ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/Fiscal Year		Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Mobile Home	Motor Vehicle Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2004/2005	S	69,908,322 \$	46,768,671 \$	16,164,691 \$	309,570 \$	12,889,060 \$	3,022,474 \$	143,017,840	3.12
2005/2006		74,863,412	52,715,227	16,816,372	302,853	12,299,290	3,370,683	153,626,471	3.12
2006/2007		107,663,473	52,345,181	16,296,254	295,254	11,778,650	3,419,843	184,958,969	3.12
2007/2008		123,962,544	54,102,378	16,344,483	311,040	13,514,780	4,848,014	203,387,211	3.12
2008/2009		131,719,176	54,773,866	19,245,151	288,062	14,330,130	5,144,278	215,212,107	3.12
2009/2010		92,574,253	55,725,122	34,500,679	256,036	12,103,030	4,172,299	190,986,821	3.12
2010/2011		78,992,107	50,992,334	37,464,575	231,216	11,479,580	3,604,271	175,555,541	3.12
2011/2012		69,018,830	43,699,336	33,365,118	221,181	11,719,690	2,792,738	155,231,417	4.00
2012/2013		67,459,717	43,204,843	33,676,562	213,288	12,998,120	2,477,617	155,074,913	4.00
2013/2014		71,739,299	41,768,814	34,197,475	208,014	11,131,680	3,497,206	155,548,076	4.00

Source: Cobb County Tax Assessor

Note: Property is assessed at 40% of its fair market value.

SCHEDULE 10
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

00 of assessed value)	
(Rate per \$1,000	

		Cob	Cobb County (1)		
Tax Year/Fiscal Year	City	County	Board of Education	State	Total
2003/2004	3.12	9.72	19.90	0.25	32.99
2004/2005	3.12	10.53	19.00	0.25	32.90
2005/2006	3.12	10.50	19.00	0.25	32.87
2006/2007	3.12	09.6	18.90	0.25	31.87
2007/2008	3.12	09.6	18.90	0.25	31.87
2008/2009	3.12	09.6	18.90	0.25	31.87
2009/2010	3.12	09.6	18.90	0.25	31.87
2010/2011	3.12	10.61	18.90	0.25	32.88
2011/2012	4.00	11.11	18.90	0.20	34.21
2012/2013	4.00	10.91	18.90	0.15	33.96
2013/2014	4.00	10.91	18.90	0.15	33.96

Source: Cobb County Tax Assessor. Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Austell.

SCHEDULE 11
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS
CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2014			2005	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Austell Box Board Corp	\$ 9,188,694	1	5.91%			
Sweetwater Paper Board Co.	6,760,852	7	4.35%			
Sweetwater Lumber & Land Inc.	1,797,317	33	1.16%			
Star Paper Tub, Inc	942,360	4	0.61%			
Efficiency Lodge, Inc	815,294	5	0.52%			
K & A Development LLC	660,048	9	0.42%			
2989 Humphries Rd LLC	650,000	7	0.42%			
Reserve Alloys LLC	634,348	8	0.41%			
IH2 Property Georgia	559,324	6	0.36%			
Freo Georgia LLc	551,436	10	0.35%			
National Envelope Corp				\$ 3,808,488	1	2.66%
Zamarron Graciela A & Samuel N				254,108	2	0.18%
Morris, John				133,355	3	0.09%
Mitchell, Donald				97,500	4	0.07%
Ladipo Joi Wright & Adedeji				95,860	5	0.07%
Henderson Adam & Brooks Daniel				91,132	9	0.06%
Thai Hiep H				90,788	7	0.06%
Barnes Land & Investments LLC				80,257	8	0.06%
Davis, Kevin D & Barbara				80,012	6	0.06%
EE Beavers Family Partnership				75,576	10	0.05%
Total	\$ 22,559,673		14.50%	\$ 4,807,076		3.36%

Source: Cobb County Tax Assessor

SCHEDULE 12 CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR	Total Tax	Current Tax	Percent of Levy	Collections in Subsequent	Total Collections to Date	ns to Date Percent of
ENDED JUNE 30,	Levy	Collections	Collected	Years	Amount	Levy
2005	\$ 436,652	\$ 384,402	%0'88	\$ 46,846	\$ 431,248	%8'86
2006	531,551	394,214	74.2%	128,145	522,359	98.3%
2007	533,359	474,783	%0.68	50,393	525,176	98.5%
2008	557,756	460,620	82.6%	84,235	544,855	%L'.16
2009	598,818	494,220	82.5%	102,012	596,232	%9.66
2010	605,950	530,242	87.5%	73,691	603,933	%L'66
2011	489,816	458,294	93.6%	24,131	482,425	%5'86
2012	436,547	411,358	94.2%	ı	411,358	94.2%
2013	490,784	453,683	92.4%		453,683	92.4%
2014	474,939	450,465	94.8%	•	450,465	94.8%

Source: Cobb County Tax Commissioners Office

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL FRANCHISE TAX AND OWNERSHIP FEES PERCENTAGES CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA SCHEDULE 13

Franchise Tax & Ownership Fees	Current Year Percentage of Gross Sales	2014 Revenue	2005 Revenue
Austell Gas System (ownership)	%6	\$ 5,015,725	\$ 3,364,916
Georgia Power	2%	467,728	327,491
Greystone Power	2%	28,841	43,300
Comcast Cable TV	2%	44,271	36,605
AT&T	3%	39,628	52,618
Total		\$ 5,596,193	\$ 3,824,930

Source: City's finance department

SCHEDULE 14
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Govern	Governmental		Bu	siness-	Business-Type Activities	Š					
	Acti	Activities	*	Water and Sewer		Threadmill Complex	mill			Total	Percentage	Debt
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	Caj Le	Capital Leases	~	Revenue Bonds		Revenue Bonds		Capital Lease	9	Primary Government	of Personal Income	Per Capita (1)
2005	€	354,679	↔	725,000	↔	6,780,000	∽	•	↔	7,859,679	3.46%	1,359
2006	·	271,311		550,000		6,545,000		79,269		7,445,580	3.22%	1,255
2007		274,909		380,000		6,300,000		54,075		7,008,984	2.98%	1,163
2008		423,787		195,000		6,045,000		27,672		6,691,459	2.78%	1,096
2009	·	248,238				5,780,000				6,028,238	2.45%	975
2010		163,929				5,500,000				5,663,929	2.46%	923
2011		40,794				5,205,000				5,245,794	2.28%	740
2012		550,022				4,905,000				5,455,022	1.94%	829
2013		782,588				ı		1		782,588	0.29%	115
2014	-	516,669		ı		ı				516,669	0.18%	92

Data Source: Woods & Poole Economics pamphlet 2011. (1) Data based on .857% of Cobb County population (2000 census City of Austell population 5,359)

SCHEDULE 15 CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Direct General Obligation Debt:	•	ı	ı	
Overlapping General Obligation Debt:				
Cobb County General Obligation Debt Cobb County School District Total, General Obligation Debt	\$ 26,065,000 \$2,000,000	1%	\$ 260,650 520,000 780,650	
Overlapping Guaranteed Revenue Debt:				
Cobb County Administration Building Project Downtown Marietta Development Authority	9,670,000 45,190,000	1%	96,700 451,900	
Cobb County Solid waste Management Authority Total, overlapping revenue debt	\$ 134,925,000	1%	\$ 1,349,250	
City Direct Debt: Capital Lease			\$ 516,669 \$ 516,669	

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Cobb County Finance Department. Debt outstanding data provided by Cobb County Finance Department and Cobb County School District.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Austell, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assesses value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the Cobb County's total taxable assesses value.

SCHEDULE 16 CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2005	2006	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Debt limit	\$ 15,362,647	§ 15,362,647 § 18,495,897 § 20,338,721	\$ 20,338,721	S	20,688,495	S	21,521,211	S	19,402,828	S	17,555,554	S	15,523,142	s	15,507,491	S	15,554,807
Total net debt applicable to limit		,	,		,		,				,				,		
Legal debt margin	\$ 15,362,647	\$ 15,362,647 \$ 18,495,897	\$ 20,338,721	S	20,688,495	S	21,521,211	S	19,402,828	S	17,555,554	S	15,523,142	S	15,507,491	S	15,554,807
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	iit 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Source: City's finance department
Note: Legal debt limit is in accordance with the State laws governing bond issuances.
Note 2: The City has no outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2012.

SCHEDULE 17
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE-WATER & SEWER FUND
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR	J &	Utility Service	O	Less: Operating	⋖	Net Available		Debt Service	šervic	ၿ	
ENDED JUNE 30,		Charges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2005	\$	2,724,037	>>	2,363,512	∽	360,525	∞	170,000	∞	32,625	0.80
2006		2,718,683		2,445,933		272,750		175,000		32,625	1.80
2007		2,906,312		2,539,265		367,047		175,000		24,975	1.84
2008		2,824,631		2,322,800		501,831		185,000		17,100	2.48
2009		2,993,248		2,847,700		145,548		195,000		8,775	0.71
2010		3,591,952		3,106,552		485,400		ı		1	•
2011		3,268,623		3,059,004		209,619		ı		1	ı
2012		3,679,283		3,405,721		273,562		ı		1	ı
2013		3,415,860		3,245,302		170,558		ı		ı	ı
2014		3,478,282		3,256,714		221,568		ı		ı	1

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses. Note:

All revenue bonds matured February, 2009; therefore, no bond payments were paid subsequent to Fiscal Year 2009.

SCHEDULE 18
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - THREADMILL COMPLEX FUND
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Less:	Net			
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	Lease Charges	Operating Expenses	Available Revenue	Debt Service (1) Principal	rvice (1) Interest	Coverage
2005	\$ 1,017,659	\$ 666,912	\$ 350,747	\$ 235,000	\$ 289,491	0.70
2006	980,040	961,328	18,712	245,000	299,666	0.03
2007	1,022,369	820,003	202,366	255,000	284,000	0.38
2008	1,120,973	758,818	362,155	255,000	277,866	89.0
2009	1,116,053	766,532	349,521	265,000	295,515	0.62
2010	1,045,701	753,371	292,330	280,000	304,332	0.50
2011	1,078,585	759,691	318,894	295,000	288,147	0.55
2012	1,120,537	784,067	336,470	300,000	270,978	0.59
2013	1,116,721	784,405	332,316	ı	•	ı
2014	1,197,590	1,185,274	12,316	1	ı	1

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

(1) Bonds issued during Fiscal Year 2004 and paid off in Fiscal Year 2013.

SCHEDULE 19
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2005 5,783 \$ 260,122,080 \$ 2006 5,933 266,271,340 \$ 2007 6,026 270,015,410 \$ 2008 6,107 268,646,380 \$ 2010 6,184 264,825,980 \$ 2011 7,085 246,440,168 \$ 2012 6,581 276,860,545 \$ 2013 6,782 257,695,654 \$ 2014 6,782 282,382,134	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	City Population		Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
		5,783	↔	260,122,080	\$ 39,232	4.7%
		5,933		266,271,340	38,967	4.1%
		6,026		270,015,410	39,077	3.8%
		6,107		268,646,380	39,348	3.9%
		6,184		264,825,980	39,721	%9.6
		6,136		246,440,168	40,163	9.5%
		7,085		276,860,545	39,077	9.1%
		6,581		257,165,737	39,077	9.1%
		6,782		257,695,654	37,997	7.7%
		6,782		282,382,134	41,637	%6.9

Source: Woods & Poole Economics 2012 Data Pamphlet

SCHEDULE 20 CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2014			2005	
	Number			Number		
	Jo	% of Total		J0	% of Total	
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank
Austell Boxboard	355	17.5%	 	355	13.9%	_
National Envelope	1	i	1	230	%0.6	2
Carustar Industries	120	2.9%	2	120	4.7%	3
Old Fashion Foods	95	4.7%	3	95	3.7%	4
Sweetwater Paper Company	87	4.3%	5	87	3.4%	S
Garda CL Southeast, Inc.	83	4.1%	9	1	;	i
Wade Heating & Air	1	•	1	49	1.9%	9
Parsec, Inc	65	3.2%	7	•	;	;
Austell Supermarket	1	•	1	45	1.8%	7
Mayo Compay	1	•	1	39	1.5%	8
Wallace Barbeque	32	1.6%	∞	32	1.3%	6
Gloves, Inc.	1	•	1	28	1.1%	10
Better Optics	22	1.1%	6	•	:	
Cash Transactions	21	1.0%	10	1	1	1
Total Employees	880		I	1,080		

Source: City's Occupational Tax database

SCHEDULE 21
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government										
Management services	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Finance	S	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building	,	,	1	ı	,	1	1	,		1
Public Safety	48	52	50	50	54	53	55	55	55	55
Municipal court	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Highways and streets	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4
Parks and recreation	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	S
Water	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works	14	14	14	14	14	14	15	16	16	17
Threadmill	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9
Total	91	92	06	91	96	95	86	66	100	100

SCHEDULE 22 CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function / Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Municipal Court										
Citations issued	5,553	7,082	698'9	6,243	5,540	4,660	3,726	4,561	4,997	5,686
Traffic violations	5,209	6,704	6,940	5,304	5,046	4,657	3,301	4,367	4,773	5,675
Shoplifting violations Refuse collections	\$	-	ю	2	10	Э	6		1	11
Refuse collected (tons per day) Public Works	2.61	2.61	1.85	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	2.25	2.25	2.25
Streets resurfaced (miles) nter	1	•	2	2	2	7	7		1	3
New connections	2	2	2	,	1	,	•	1	ı	,
Average daily consumption Stormwater	1,129,799	1,238,601	996,861	988,620	900,219	942,472	881,298	890,000	910,000	918,989
Miles of streets swept	5	5	9	8	8	8	∞	50	102	184
Storm drains cleaned	398	398	410	450	450	450	450	450	582	325

Sources: Various City Departments

SCHEDULE 23
CITY OF AUSTELL, GEORGIA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function / Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public works Paved roads (miles) Streetlights Traffic signals Parks and recreation Number of parks Acreage Playgrounds Community centers Water Storage capacity Water tanks	50.0 758.0 13.0 7.0 36.7 54.0 1.0	52.0 759.0 13.0 7.0 36.7 50.0 1.0	54.0 759.0 13.0 7.0 36.7 50.0 1.0	553 77770 13.0 7.0 7.0 36.7 7.0 1.0	55.3 780.0 13.0 8.0 8.0 36.7 7.0 1.0	55.3 780.0 13.0 10.0 38.7 7.0 1.0 300,000	55.3 780.0 13.0 11.0 39.0 7.0 1.0 300,000	55.3 780.0 13.0 11.0 39.0 7.0 1.0	55.3 780.0 13.0 11.0 39.0 7.0 1.0	55.3 805.0 13.0 12.0 39.0 7.0 1.0
Wastewater Sanitary sewers (miles) Number of service connections Solid Waste Management Customers Compactor trucks Stormwater Storm sewers (miles)	24.0 2,215 200.0 2.0 28.0	26.6 2,418 200.0 2.0 30.6	26.6 2,495 200.0 2.0 30.6	41.0 2,551 200.0 1.0 50.0	36.1 2,551 200.0 1.0 52.0	36.1 2,592 200.0 1.0	36.1 2,464 200.0 1.0 52.0	36.1 2,464 200.0 1.0	36.1 2,464 200.0 1.0	36.1 2,464 200.0 1.0 52.0

Source: City of Austell Public Works Department